WEEK I

Week Ending: 06-04-20	DAY: Subject: R.M.E						
Duration: 60MINS	Ouration: 60MINS Strand:			and: Religious Practices			
Class: B8		Class Size:		Sub St	trand: Rites Of Pass	sage (Death Rites)	
Content Standard: B8 2.1.1: Explain rites of moral lessons in them.		d identify the			e how death rites a nree major religions		Lesson:
Performance Indicator: Learners can discuss how major religions in Ghana	w death rite	es are performe	ed in the three	e	Core Competend CP 5.2: CP 6 .3PL 5		: PL 6.1: PL 6.4:
References: R.M.E Curr	iculum Pg.	34					
Phase/Duration	Learners A	A stivitios				Pasaun	
PHASE I: STARTER	Revise wit previous I	th learners to re			nding in the	Resourc	ces
	major reliped by the last rest major reliped by the next world. i. Rest There physical world. ii. Human by God's word. iii. Life after in the ancestiv. Reduction to curtail the v. Relief of flong time by Therefore, or Death rites the last rest Guide lead	rners to explain gions. he departure of d. in groups discus e is a belief that afold, the person dies being as mortal: Hubd, the creator. The stral world gives the nof population. Deep ressure on the strandial burden on efore they die bring death becomes advern learners for the	s the significal ster the tremend in order to go of the significal that when one can be impression that when one can be determined in the significant or her into the significant the significant the significant the significant the significant in the significant	nce and lous strug and rest in created a seen as a dies, the s at death is country's tives: Peop I hardship or a corps the ance	disadvantages of gle with life on the n the ancestral and subjected to the fulfillment of soul continues the life is good. It is population in order to the fulfillment of to their families. The set o pay him/her estral world.		

	Let learners understand that Indigenous Rituals differ from culture to culture, but generally, the process includes: • preparation of the corpse • pre-burial mourning • burial mourning • post-burial mourning Christianity: The process varies from church to church but, generally, it includes bathing and dressing of the body, laying in state either in the family house or church premises, church services officiated by a priest, burial and funeral rites and memorial service.	
	Assessment Discuss the importance of death in the society List four causes of death Outline four disadvantages of death	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson. Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 06-04-20)23	DAY:		Subjec	ct: R.M.E			
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: Religious Practices				
Class: B8		Class Size:		Sub St	trand: Rites Of Pas	Passage (Death Rites)		
Content Standard: B8 2.1.1: Explain rites of moral lessons in them.	passage and	d identify the			e how death rites a nree major religion:		Lesson:	
Performance Indicator Learners can discuss ho major religions in Ghana	w death rite	<u> </u>	ed in the three	e	Core Competend CP 5.2: CP 6 .3PL 5		: PL 6.1: PL 6.4:	
References: R.M.E Curr	iculum Pg.	34						
Phase/Duration	Learners A	Activities				Resour	ces	
PHASE I: STARTER	previous I	th learners to re esson. formance indica			iding in the			
PHASE 2: MAIN	Guide lead among the Islam: The or Islam: The or Islam: The or Islam: In groups, the three Guide lead rites. Importance They psylon They end of the dead of They rest to prepare Islam Is	rners to describe Islam and trade Islam and the process is then put the cemetery vare also said for ites 3rd day, 7th on of corpse Islam I	be how death itionals. es all bath (ghuslerformed without coffine the dead after head after head and explain the dead after head and explain the dead after head as smooth fundgement and the decease of	janazahi er burial ay and a the import the oth entra	year) are performed in ortance of death be bereaved family. ance to the land ath and the need offer the living	Pictures	s and charts	
			•					
	Assessme	<u>nt</u>						

	Describe death rite in the Christian religion State and describe how death rites is performed in Islamic community.	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 14-04-2	ek Ending: 14-04-2023 DAY:				Subject: R.M.E			
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: Religious Practices				
Class: B8		Class Size:		Sub St	trand: Moral lessor	ns in the rites of passage		
Content Standard: B8 2.1.1: Explain rites of moral lessons in them.		d identify the	Indicator: B8 2.1.1.6: I lessons in the	•	and explain the mo of passage	Lesson:		
Learners can identify ar passage	nd explain th		in the rites o	of	Core Competend CP 5.2: CP 6 .3 CC	cies: C 9.1: CC 9.3: CC 9.4:		
References: R.M.E Cur	riculum Pg.	34						
Phase/Duration	Learners					Resources		
PHASE I: STARTER	previous I	th learners to re esson. formance indica			nding in the			
PHASE 2: MAIN	Rites of patransition: and death Guide lead passage. Moral less Truthful Honesty Hard wo Chastity Faithfuln Learners in the class we passage. Responderem of take the idea and company of ta	s in a person's li rners to discuss sons ness ork before marriag less and respons in their groups, with findings on nsibility: Many rit onies or coming-o ing on new response to that individuals ontribute to the w ct: Rites of passa ting elders and a fuals should listen ence and honor t nunity: Rites of pa	s or ceremore fe, such as bing fe, such as bing the moral less of passage, of age rituals, or age of the ge often emphasis and working to the wisdom their traditions are sage often emity and working and working to and working the sage often emity and working fee, such as age of the sage of	riage, et e interne lessons in such as emphasize the lasize the la	the rites of graduation graduati	Pictures and charts		

	responsibility to support and care for one another, and that the community is stronger when everyone works together. • Respect for nature: Some rites of passage, such as those involving hunting or agricultural practices, may emphasize the importance of respecting nature and the environment. They may teach that humans have a responsibility to care for the natural world and to use its resources responsibly • Courage: Many rites of passage involve facing fears or taking risks. They may teach that individuals must have the courage to face challenges and to stand up for what they believe in. Engage learners to dramatize how to apply the moral lessons from rites of passage in their everyday life activities.
PHASE 3:	 Assessment Discuss the importance of rites of passage in shaping an individual's identity and role in society. Compare and contrast the moral lessons taught in three main religions in Ghana. Discuss the role of community in rites of passage. How do rites of passage promote responsibility and the importance of contributing to one's community Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from
REFLECTION	learners what they have learnt during the lesson. Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 14-04-20	023	DAY:		Subjec	ct: R.M.E		
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: Religious Practices			
Class: B8	Class Size: Sub Strand: Moral lesson					s in the r	rites of passage
Content Standard: B8 2.1.1: Explain rites of passage and identify the moral lessons in them. Indicator: B8 2.1.1.6: Identify and explain the moral lessons in the rites of passage						ral	Lesson: 2 OF 2
	Performance Indicator: Learners can identify and explain the moral lessons in the rites of CP 5.2: CP 6.3 CC 9						
References: R.M.E Curi	riculum Pg.	34					
Phase/Duration	Learners A	A stivitios				Resource	
PHASE I: STARTER	Revise wit previous I	th learners to re			iding in the	Resourc	Les
PHASE 2: MAIN	Revise with Rites of passage. Guide lear passage. Moral less of Truthful of Honesty of Hard word of the Responsion of taking the idea and control of the Responsion of Respons	th learners on the assage are ritual assage are ritual in a person's library in a person's library in a person's library in their groups, with findings on an insibility: Many ritual in a person in their groups, with findings on a responsive at the individual intribute to the words. Rites of passage at the individual intribute to the words. Rites of passage and honor the individual intribute in the individual intribute in the individual intribute in the words. Rites of passage and honor the individual intribute in the individual	the moral less or ceremoral less of passage, of-age rituals, ensibilities. These smust take overlibeing of the ge often emphuthority figures to the wisdom heir traditions assage often erative and working the idea that interes of passage of passage of the everyone me rites of passage of	riage, et e interne lessons in such as emphasize the saize the saize the saize the and custon phasize togethe dividual one ano e works to sage, such as expense togethe dividual one ano e works to sage, such as expense togethe dividual one ano e works to sage, such as expense togethe dividual one ano e works to sage, such as expense togethe dividual one ano e works to sage, such as expense togethe expense together expense	c. et and report to in the rites of graduation ge the importance onies may stress of their actions te importance of may teach that the who have more toms. et the importance of the importance	Pictures	s and charts

	 importance of respecting nature and the environment. They may teach that humans have a responsibility to care for the natural world and to use its resources responsibly Courage: Many rites of passage involve facing fears or taking risks. They may teach that individuals must have the courage to face challenges and to stand up for what they believe in. Engage learners to dramatize how to apply the moral lessons from rites of passage in their everyday life activities. Assessment Discuss the importance of rites of passage in shaping an
	 individual's identity and role in society. Compare and contrast the moral lessons taught in three main religions in Ghana. Discuss the role of community in rites of passage. How do rites of passage promote responsibility and the importance of contributing to one's community
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson. Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 21-04-20	-2023 DAY :			Subject: R.M.E			
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: Religious Practices			
Class: B8		Class Size:		Sub Strand: Authority At Home & School			& School
obeying authority Performance Indicator	xplain the importance of B8.3.1.1.1: Identify and explain the various sources of authority. r: Core Competence					cies:	Lesson:
Learners can identify an	•		es of authori	ty.	CP 5.2: CP 6 .3 CC	9.1: CC 9	9.3: CC 9.4:
References: R.M.E Curr	riculum Pg.	36					
Phase/Duration PHASE I: STARTER		Activities he class prefects ont of the class.		refects i	n the class to	Resourc	ces
	Do yoWhyIs it in	ers identify their ou respect your do you respect proportant to have	prefects? prefects? e prefects in t	the class	s and school?		
PHASE 2: MAIN	Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson. Through questions and answers, let learners explain the term Authority. Example: Authority involves the right to use power to influence or control the behavior of others. With the aid of picture cards and wall charts, let learners identify people in authority in the school. Who is the final Authority at school? Who discipline children who do not conform to rules in school? Who is the next person in command after the class teacher? Guide learners to describe the roles of the headmaster, class teachers and prefects in the school. Assessment					Pictures	and charts
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	-	discussion and e what they have le	•	_	to find out from		
		back from learn	_				

Week Ending: 21-04-20	04-2023 DAY :			Subject: R.M.E			
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: Religious Practices			
Class: B8		Class Size:		Sub Strand: Authority At Home & School			& School
Content Standard: B8 3.1.1: Identify and exobeying authority		nportance of	Indicator: B8.3.1.1.1:1 sources of a		and explain the vari y.	ious	Lesson: 2 OF 2
Performance Indicator Learners can identify an		ne various sourc	es of authori	ty.	CP 5.2: CP 6 .3 CC		9.3: CC 9.4:
References: R.M.E Curr	riculum Pg.	36					
Phase/Duration	Learners A					Resour	ces
PHASE I: STARTER	stand in fr Let learne • Do yo • Why	Call out the class prefects and other prefects in the class to stand in front of the class. Let learners identify their positions and duties. Do you respect your prefects? Why do you respect prefects? Is it important to have prefects in the class and school?					
PHASE 2: MAIN	 Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson. Through questions and answers, let learners explain the term Authority. Example: Authority involves the right to use power to influence or control the behavior of others. With the aid of picture cards and wall charts, let learners identify people in authority in their homes. At home who has control over the family? Who discipline children who do not conform to rules at home? Who is the next person in command after the father and 				Pictures	s and charts	
	and child	arners to desci ren at home.			e father, mother		

	Father	
	Mother	
	Older siblings Last child	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson. Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 28-04	28-04-2023 DAY: Subject: R.M.E						
Duration: 60MINS	Duration: 60MINS Strand: Religious Practice					es	
Class: B8		Class Size:		Sub St	trand: Authority in	the com	munity
Content Standard: B8 3.1.1: Identify and of obeying authority	B8 3.1.1: Identify and explain the importance B8.3.1.1: Identify and explain the various						
Performance Indica					Core Competen		
Learners can identify	•		urces of auth	ority.	CP 5.2: CP 6 .3 CC	9.1: CC 9	9.3: CC 9.4:
References: R.M.E C	urriculum F	g. 36					
Phase/Duration	Learners	Activities				Resource	res
PHASE I:		he class prefects	and other p	refects i	n the class to	T COOUT	
STARTER		ont of the class					
	Let learne	ers identify their	positions and	d duties.			
	• Dow	ou rospost vour	profests?				
		ou respect your do you respect					
	_	nportant to have	-	the class	s and school?		
			- 				
		formance indica					
PHASE 2: MAIN		th learners to id	lentify person	s with a	uthority in the	Pictures	s and
	school and	a nome.				charts	
	Let learne	ers draw the flow	w of authority	in the	home and school.		
	Revise wit	th learners to ex	xplain key coi	ncepts.			
	With the	aid of picture ca	ards and wall	charts, l	let learners		
		eople in authori					
		s the final Author	•	•			
		maintains law and			•		
	• Who i	s the next persor	in command	after the	e president?		
	Guide lea	rners to describ	e the roles o	f the Pro	esident, member		
	of parliam	ent, Assembly r	nember, polic	e and Ir	mams in the		
	communit	Σy.					
	Assessme	nt					
	In groups, learners draw the chain of command in the						
	communit						
	l ot looms	una duamatica au	nolo plavi svá	·hanim -	et in the		
	communit	ers dramatize or ev	roie-piay aut	hority a	it iii tiie		

PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 28-04	Week Ending: 28-04-2023 DAY: Subject: R.M.E						
Duration: 60MINS St			Strand: Religious Practices				
Class: B8	•				the comr	nunity	
Content Standard: B8 3.1.1: Identify and explain the importance of obeying authority Indicator: B8.3.1.1.1: Identify and explain the various sources of authority.					ious	Lesson: 2 OF 2	
Performance Indica					Core Competend		
Learners can identify	•		urces of author	ority.	CP 5.2: CP 6 .3 CC	9.1: CC 9	9.3: CC 9.4:
References: R.M.E C	urriculum F	⁹ g. 36					
Phase/Duration	Learners A	A stivitios				Resource	200
PHASE I:		ne class prefects	and other p	refects i	in the class to	Resourc	.es
STARTER		ont of the class	•	Ciccis	ii die class to		
	Let learne	rs identify their	positions and	d duties.			
	• Do yo	ou respect your	prefects?				
	,	do you respect	•				
	• Is it in	nportant to hav	e prefects in t	he class	and school?		
	Share per	formance indica	tors and intro	oduce th	ne lesson.		
PHASE 2: MAIN		th learners to id				Pictures charts	and
						Charcs	
	Let learne	ers draw the flow	w of authority	in the	home and school.		
	Revise wit	th learners to ex	kplain key cor	ncepts.			
		aid of picture ca			et learners		
		eople in authoring the final Author					
		naintains law and	•	•	nitv?		
		s the next persor			•		
	Guide lea	rners to describ	e the roles of	f the Pro	esident, member		
		ent, Assembly r	nember, polic	e and Ir	mams in the		
	communit	y.					
	Assessme	<u>nt</u>					
		In groups, learners draw the chain of command in the					
	community.						
	Let learners dramatize or role-play authority at in the						
DI LA CE 2	community						
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	-	discussion and e hat they have l	•	_	to find out from on.		
	Take feed	back from learn	ers and sumn	narize tl	he lesson.		

			Subjec		
			Strand: Religious Practices		
	Class Size:		Sub St	trand: Obedience	
t Standard: : Identify and explain the importance ing authority Indicator: B8 3.1.1.2: Explain the need to obey G parents and those in authority					God, Lesson:
	obey God, par	ents and thos	se in	Core Competen CP 5.2: CP 6 .3 CC	cies: C 9.1: CC 9.3: CC 9.4:
rriculum P	g. 36				
Learners A	Activities				Resources
		eview their un	iderstan	iding in the	
Share perf	ormance indica	tors with lear	ners.		
1. Divine guultimate sou commands in 2. Moral cooffor living the justice. 3. Accountable feel that obe punishment. 4. Gratitude towards Good show appreceds for the sound in the feel towards. 5. Community of Guide lear parents. • They here	idance: Many religions of wisdom and so the best way to let for some, God's promotes virtues bility: Believing in Godience to God is not for their blessings ciation. Ity: Obeying God man of individuals who so the explain ave more life explain ave more life explain ave more life explain.	ious individuals la guidance, and sead a fulfilling list of such as kindness of such as law as la	believe the therefore fe. ts provide ss, compound the acure salvate obeying beliefs are the control of the con	at God is the following His e a moral framework assion, honesty, and afterlife, some may tion and avoid e of gratitude God is a way to nect with a larger and values.	charts
	rriculum P Learners A Revise with previous learners A Share perf Brainstorm Guide lear 1. Divine guiltimate sou commands i 2. Moral coofor living the justice. 3. Accountable feel that obe punishment. 4. Gratitude towards Gooshow appreceds show appreceds appreceding the community of the guide learner parents. • They here is the control of the community	explain the importance or: he need to obey God, par rriculum Pg. 36 Learners Activities Revise with learners to re previous lesson. Share performance indica Brainstorm learners for the guidance: Many religulation and commands is the best way to learners to explain and commands is the best way to learners to explain towards code: For some, God's for living that promotes virtues justice. 3. Accountability: Believing in Companies for the code is not punishment. 4. Gratitude: Some religious intowards God for their blessings show appreciation. 5. Community: Obeying God moments of individuals who seem the community of individuals	Indicator: B8 3.1.1.2: Eparents and those Parents and Parent	Class Size: Ba 3.1.1.2: Explain to parents and those in parents and tho	Class Size: BR 3.1.1.2: Explain the need to obey Oparents and those in authority Dr: The need to obey God, parents and those in authority Dr: The need to obey God, parents and those in CP 5.2: CP 6.3 CO Triculum Pg. 36 Learners Activities Revise with learners to review their understanding in the previous lesson. Share performance indicators with learners. Brainstorm learners for the meaning of Obedience. Guide learners to explain reasons why we need to obey God. 1. Divine guidance: Many religious individuals believe that God is the ultimate source of wisdom and guidance, and therefore, following His commands is the best way to lead a fulfilling life. 2. Moral code: For some, God's commandments provide a moral framework for living that promotes virtues such as kindness, compassion, honesty, and justice. 3. Accountability: Believing in God's judgment and the afterlife, some may feel that obedience to God is necessary to ensure salvation and avoid punishment. 4. Gratitude: Some religious individuals may feel a sense of gratitude towards God for their blessings and, therefore, obeying God is a way to show appreciation. 5. Community: Obeying God may also be a way to connect with a larger community of individuals who share the same beliefs and values. Guide learners to explain reasons why we need to obey parents. • They have more life experience • They have our best interests at heart

	 Guide learners to explain reasons why we need to obey parents. Obeying people in authority helps to maintain order and stability in society. People in positions of authority are often responsible for ensuring the safety and security of others. Obeying those in authority demonstrates respect for the law and the institutions that govern our society. When people obey those in authority, it can help to promote social harmony and prevent conflict. Learners in their groups create a story to demonstrate the consequences of disobeying authority. Present it to class for discussion. 	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Assessment What are some potential consequences of not obeying people in authority? How can we balance the need to obey people in authority with the need to challenge authority when it is necessary? Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 05-05	5-2023	DAY:		Subjec	ct: R.M.E			
Duration: 60MINS				Strano	1: Religious Practice	es		
Class: B8		Class Size:		Sub St	trand: Obedience			
Content Standard: B8 3.1.1: Identify and explain the importance of obeying authority Indicator: B8 3.1.1.2: Explain the need to obey G parents and those in authority						God,	Lesson: 2 OF 2	
Performance Indica Learners can explain authority.		o obey God, par	ents and thos	se in	Core Competend CP 5.2: CP 6 .3 CC	cies: 2 9.1: CC 9	9.3: CC 9.4:	
References: R.M.E.C	Curriculum F	⁹ g. 36						
Phase/Duration	Learners /	Activities				Resource	202	
PHASE I: STARTER		th learners to re	eview their ur	iderstan	iding in the	resoure		
	Share per	formance indica	tors with lear	ners.				
PHASE 2: MAIN		n learners for the rners to explain	J		ence. ed to obey God.	Pictures and charts		
	ultimate sou	idance: Many relig urce of wisdom and is the best way to l	l guidance, and	therefore				
					e a moral framework assion, honesty, and			
		edience to God is r			fterlife, some may tion and avoid			
		d for their blessings	s individuals may feel a sense of gratitude ings and, therefore, obeying God is a way to					
				also be a way to connect with a larger e the same beliefs and values.				
	parents.	uide learners to explain reasons why we need to obey arents. They have more life experience						
	-							
	 They have our best interests at heart It fosters respect and trust 							
	It teaches responsibility							
	• It prep	oares us for the r	eal world					
	parents.	rners to explain	•		•			
	• Obeyir	•	only neips to f	numuan	order and stability			

	 People in positions of authority are often responsible for ensuring the safety and security of others. Obeying those in authority demonstrates respect for the law and the institutions that govern our society. When people obey those in authority, it can help to promote social harmony and prevent conflict.
	Learners in their groups create a story to demonstrate the consequences of disobeying authority. Present it to class for discussion.
	Assessment What are some potential consequences of not obeying our parents?
	How can parents balance the need for their children to obey them with allowing their children to make their own decisions and learn from their own mistakes?
PHASE 3:	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from
REFLECTION	learners what they have learnt during the lesson.
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 12-05	-05-2023 DAY: Subject: R.M.E						
Duration: 60MINS				Strano	d: Religious Practice	es	
Class: B8		Class Size:		Sub S	trand: Obedience		
Content Standard: B8 3.1.1: Identify and explain the importance of obeying authority Indicator: B8 3.1.1.3: Demonstrate how to apply rules and regulations from authority in life.						Lesson:	
Performance Indicates Learners can demonstrate from authority in dail	strate how	to apply the rul	es and regulat	tions	Core Competend CP 5.2: CP 6 .3 CC		9.3: CC 9.4:
References: R.M.E C	urriculum F	Pg. 36					
Diagram/D	11.	A -4: :4:					
Phase/Duration PHASE I:	Learners A		wiow their	adoseta :	oding in the	Resource	ces
STARTER	previous I	th learners to re esson.	eview their ur	iderstar	iding in the		
	Share per	formance indica	tors with lear	rners.			
PHASE 2: MAIN	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Pictures	and	
PHASE 3:	Use peer		•	_	to find out from		
REFLECTION		what they have learn	_				

Week Ending: 12-05	-2023	DAY:		Subjec	ct: R.M.E		
Duration: 60MINS				Strano	d: Religious Practice	es	
Class: B8		Class Size:		Sub Strand: Obedience			
Content Standard: B8 3.1.1: Identify and explain the importance of obeying authority Indicator: B8 3.1.1.3: Demonstrate how to apply rules and regulations from authority in life.							Lesson:
Performance Indicate Learners can demonst from authority in dail	strate how	to apply the rul	es and regulat	tions	Core Competend CP 5.2: CP 6 .3 CC		9.3: CC 9.4:
References: R.M.E C	urriculum F	Pg. 36					
Phase/Duration	Learners	Activities				Resource	res
PHASE I:		th learners to re	eview their ur	nderstan	nding in the	1.05041	
STARTER	previous I				3		
	Share per	formance indica	tors with lear	rners			
PHASE 2: MAIN					from authority	Pictures	and
						charts	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION		discussion and e what they have l	•	_	to find out from		
		back from learn					

Week Ending: 19-0	5-2023	DAY:	Subject: R.M.E				
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: The Family & Community			
Class: B8		Class Size:		Sub St	trand: Prophets & (Caliphs	
B8 4.1.1: Identify and lessons that can be I exemplary lives of the	Indicator: B8 4.1.1.1: Describe the mission of the			2	Lesson:		
Performance Indica			-4-		Core Competend CP 5.2: CP 6 .3 CC		22.00.4.
References: R.M.E (•	ets.		CP 5.2: CP 6 .3 CC	9.1: CC 9	7.3: CC 9.4:
References. IV.I I.L	zui i icululli i	g. 30					
Phase/Duration	Learners A	Activities				Resource	ces
PHASE I: STARTER	previous I	th learners to re esson. formance indica			ding in the		
PHASE 2: MAIN	Brainstor A prophet and humans to humans Engage le Christian Identify s E.g. Noah Learners prophets Noah Noah is coincluding lalso know I. Divine Mais people, engaged in and urge to 2. Warning mission wa	rm learners to is a person who so his by delivering m. A prophet is a rearners to water ity and Islam. ome prophets n/ Nuh, Abraha in their group considered a sign slam, Christiani rn as Nuh in Isla Message: Noah www.ho.had.deviate	explain the serves as an innessages from mouthpiece of the pictures of the video am/lbrahim as describe the difficant prophety, and Judais m. The set of the part of the copie of an impose of the copie of the copie of an impose of the copie of the copie of the copie of an impose of the copie of the copi	meaning termedic God or to God. or the and Moster in Aborn. The action of right of call the one to	pictures. ses/ Musah. ion of the rahamic religions, mission of Noah, onvey a message to hteousness and em to monotheism true God. spects of Noah's atastrophic flood	Pictures	s and

them about the consequences of their actions and called upon them to repent and seek God's forgiveness.

- 3. Building the Ark: In preparation for the flood, Noah was instructed by God to construct a massive ark. This ark served as a means of salvation for Noah, his family, and a selected group of animals, who would be preserved from the destruction of the flood.
- 4. Inviting to Repentance: Throughout his mission, Noah persistently invited his people to repentance and turn back to God. He preached to them about the consequences of their actions and urged them to abandon their sinful ways. Noah's mission involved patience, perseverance, and unwavering faith despite facing rejection and mockery from his people.
- 5. Preserving the Remnant: Noah's mission was not only focused on warning and inviting his people to repentance but also aimed at preserving a righteous remnant. Those who heeded Noah's message and followed him onto the ark were saved from the flood and given a fresh start as the human race began anew.

Abraham

Abraham, also known as Ibrahim in Islam, is a revered prophet in Abrahamic religions, including Islam, Christianity, and Judaism.

- I. Monotheism and the Oneness of God: One of the primary aspects of Abraham's mission was to emphasize monotheism and the belief in the oneness of God. In a time when polytheism and idol worship were prevalent, Abraham preached the existence of a single, supreme deity and called people to worship and submit to that one true God.
- 2. Destruction of Idols: Abraham is famously known for his rejection of idols and his iconoclastic actions. According to religious traditions, he destroyed the idols worshipped by his people, symbolizing the futility of idol worship and the need for devotion solely to the one true God.
- 3. Covenant with God: Abraham's mission involved entering into a covenant, or a sacred agreement, with God. According to religious accounts, God promised to bless Abraham and make him the father of a great nation. This covenant emphasized faith, obedience, and the promise of future blessings for Abraham and his descendants.
- 4. Establishment of Moral and Ethical Values: Abraham taught and exemplified moral and ethical values, including honesty, righteousness, hospitality, and compassion. His mission was to guide people towards living a life based on ethical principles and treating others with kindness and fairness.

	 5. Sacrifice and Submission: One of the most significant episodes in Abraham's mission was his willingness to sacrifice his son, demonstrating his unwavering obedience and submission to God's command. This act of devotion is commemorated in various religious traditions as a symbol of trust, faith, and commitment to God. 6. Ancestor of Many Nations: Another aspect of Abraham's mission was his role as the ancestor of many nations. Through his descendants, including Isaac and Ishmael, Abraham's lineage is believed to have given rise to the Jewish, Christian, and Islamic traditions, making him a significant figure in the religious history of humanity. 	
	Assessment Who is a prophet?	
	Identify any two Christian or Islamic prophet and describe their mission.	
PHASE 3:	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from	
REFLECTION	learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 19-0	5-2023	DAY:		Subject: R.M.E			
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: The Family & Community			
Class: B8		Class Size:		Sub St	trand: Prophets & (Caliphs	
-	fy and explain the moral B8 4.1.1.1: Describe the mission of the prophets				<u> </u>	Lesson: 2 OF 2	
Performance Indica		on of the proph	246		Core Competend CP 5.2: CP 6 .3 CC		2. CC 9.4.
References: R.M.E C			zis.		CF 3.2. CF 6 .3 CC	7.1. CC	7.3. CC 7.4.
Title of the cost it ii	- Caraini i	8. 50					
Phase/Duration	Learners /					Resour	ces
PHASE I: STARTER	previous I	th learners to re esson. formance indica			ding in the		
PHASE 2: MAIN	Revise with Christian Guide lead prophet. Moses Moses, also Abrahamide liberation of a leader and release of a plagues, Mout of Egypt 2. Revelation mission was particularly to religious other laws the Israelite 3. Guidance the Israelite straelite mission was the Israelite straelite s	ith learners on ity and Islam. Irners to description of the Israelites from the Israelites from the Israelites. The Israelites of the Israelites. The Israelites of the Israelites. The Israelites, where Israelites is the reception of the Law: On the Israelitons, Mose that formed the Israelitons, Mose Isra	sa in Islam, is a sa in Islam, is a sa in Islam, is ading Islam, Cough a series Pharaoh, the rule ough a series Pharaoh and e Exodus. The of the central delivery of a Torah (Law) is received the basis of religion. Moses served urney through	a rever hristiani ion bega Egypt. G er of Egy of mirac eventually ral aspec divine re on Mour Ten Con us and e	Moses the ed prophet in ty, and Judaism. In with the od chose Moses as opt, demanding the ulous events and of led the Israelites ets of Moses' evelation, it Sinai. According inmandments and ethical guidance for de and teacher for	Pictures	s and

	on how to worship God, live harmoniously, and fulfill their covenant	
	with God.	
	4. Intermediary with God: Moses acted as an intermediary between God and the Israelites, conveying God's messages, laws, and guidance to the people. He received direct communication from God and relayed divine commandments, prophetic teachings, and warnings to the Israelites.	
	5. Leadership and Governance: Moses served as a leader and judge for the Israelites, settling disputes and guiding them in matters of governance and community affairs. He established a system of governance based on divine principles and led the Israelites towards the Promised Land.	
	6. Symbol of Faith and Miracles: Moses' mission included the demonstration of numerous miracles, such as parting the Red Sea, bringing forth water from a rock, and receiving manna from heaven. These miracles served as signs of God's power and mercy, strengthening the faith of the Israelites and affirming Moses' role as a chosen prophet.	
	Assessment	
	Read part of the Qur'an and the Bible on the selected prophets	
	and discuss their background, call and mission.	
PHASE 3:	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from	
REFLECTION	learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 26-05	26-05-2023 DAY: Subject: R.M.E					
Duration: 60MINS	uration: 60MINS Strand: The Family & Co		mmunity			
Class: B8	Class: B8 Class Size: Sub Strand: Prophets &			trand: Prophets & (Caliphs	
Content Standard: B8 4.1.1: Identify and explain the moral lessons that can be learned from the exemplary lives of the prophets and caliphs			Indicator: B8 4.1.1.2: 0 lives of the	2: Outline the mission and exemplary		
Performance Indicator: Learners can outline the mission and exemplary lives of the Caliphs. Core Competence CP 5.2: CP 6.3 CC					cies: 5 9.1: CC 9.3: CC 9.4:	
References: R.M.E C	Curriculum F	² g. 40				
	Ι.					
Phase/Duration	Learners A				. dia a ia da	Resources
PHASE I: STARTER	previous I	th learners to re esson. formance indica			iding in the	
	Explain the meaning of Caliph in Islam.				charts	

established a legal system, and initiated the Islamic calendar. He is revered for his simplicity, humility, and devotion to the welfare of the Muslim community.

3. Uthman ibn Affan (576-656 CE):

Uthman ibn Affan became the third caliph and ruled from 644 to 656 CE. He is notable for his contributions to the compilation of the Quran during his caliphate. Uthman undertook the task of standardizing the Quranic text to prevent regional variations. He also initiated construction projects, including the expansion of the Kaaba in Mecca. Uthman faced opposition and unrest toward the end of his reign, leading to his assassination by dissidents.

4. Ali ibn Abi Talib (599-661 CE):

Ali ibn Abi Talib, the cousin and son-in-law of Prophet Muhammad, became the fourth caliph from 656 to 661 CE. He is highly regarded by the Shia Muslim community as the rightful successor to Muhammad. Ali faced internal conflicts during his caliphate, including the First Fitna (civil war) against Muawiyah, the governor of Syria. The conflict ended with the arbitration of the Battle of Siffin but resulted in further divisions within the Muslim community. Ali was eventually assassinated, marking the end of the Rashidun caliphate.

<u>Assessment</u>

I. What were some of the major achievements and challenges faced by the Rashidun caliphs during their respective reigns?

2. How did the roles and leadership styles of Abu Bakr, Umar ibn al-Khattab, Uthman ibn Affan, and Ali ibn Abi Talib differ from one another?

PHASE 3: REFLECTION

Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.

Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 26-05	5-2023	DAY:		Subject: R.M.E			
Duration: 60MINS	St		Strand	Strand: The Family & Community			
Class: B8	Class Size: Sub Strand: Prophets &			Caliphs			
Content Standard: B8 4.1.1: Identify and explain the moral lessons that can be learned from the exemplary lives of the prophets and caliphs Indicator: B8 4.1.1.2: Outline the mission and exemplate of the Caliphs					emplary	Lesson:	
Performance Indicator: Learners can outline the mission and exemplary lives of the CP 5.2: CP 6.3 CC							.3: CC 9.4:
References: R.M.E C	Curriculum F	Pg. 40					
Phase/Duration	Lasmans	A stivition				Desauma	
PHASE I: STARTER	previous I	th learners to re			iding in the	Resourc	es
PHASE 2: MAIN	State the I. Abu Bak - Successfu apostasy a Peninsula u - Initiated a the Byzant future term - Committe ensuring it: - Instituted emphasizia community 2. Umar it: - Led the Is conquering Persia Establishe appointme financial sy - Introduce programs, establishm - Instituted "Umar's C public beho	contributions ar: ally led the Muslin and the Ridda Wa ander Islamic rule military campaigr ine and Sassania itorial expansion at to preserving a s authenticity. I policies of justice and the importance are leaders. I an al-Khattab: I slamic empire thr are vast territories in and a comprehens and a comprehen	of each of the community the community the consolidation of the compiling the consultation of consultation of consultation of the Middle Event administration of weights and itutions such assystem known	hrough the unity of rapid ast, Norther system tors, and sury. It is mosquias "Uma	the period of nity of the Arabian empires, such as coundation for anic text and ara) in governance, advisors and expansion, th Africa, and em, including the developed a aric welfare es, and the es and schools. ar's Law" or	Pictures charts	and

		T
	- Undertook the task of standardizing the Quranic text by commissioning the compilation of a definitive version to prevent regional variations.	
	- Initiated public works projects, including the expansion of the Kaaba in Mecca and the construction of irrigation canals.	
	- Expanded the Islamic navy, leading to maritime expeditions and trade expansion.	
	- Sponsored the dissemination of the Quranic text by sending copies to different regions of the Islamic empire.	
	4. Ali ibn Abi Talib: - Contributed to Islamic jurisprudence and legal scholarship,	
	especially in matters of family law and governance. - Promoted social justice and equity, emphasizing the need to address the welfare of the poor and marginalized.	
	- Faced challenges and conflicts, including the First Fitna (civil war), during which he sought arbitration to resolve the dispute with Muawiyah.	
	- Regarded as a prominent figure in Islamic spirituality and mysticism, with many teachings and sayings attributed to him.	
	Learners in groups role the early life and contributions of the caliphs in Islam	
	Assessment	
	I. How did Umar ibn al-Khattab contribute to the expansion and governance of the Islamic empire during his caliphate?2. What were the key initiatives undertaken by Uthman ibn	
	Affan, the third caliph, in the early Islamic era, and how did they impact the Muslim community?	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 02-	02-06-2023 DAY: Subject: R.M.E					
Duration: 60MINS	uration: 60MINS Strand: The Family & Co		ommunity			
Class: B8	Class: B8 Class Size: Sub Strand: Prophets &			trand: Prophets & (Caliphs	
Content Standard: B8 4.1.1: Identify and explain the moral lessons that can be learned from the exemplary lives of the prophets and caliphs			Indicator: B8 4.1.1.2: 0 lives of the	Outline the mission and exemplary Caliphs Lesson:		
Performance Indicator: Learners can outline the mission and exemplary lives of the CP 5.2: CP 6.3 CC					cies: 5 9.1: CC 9.3: CC 9.4:	
References: R.M.E.C	Curriculum F	Pg. 40				
	Τ.					
Phase/Duration	Learners				. di i d	Resources
PHASE I: STARTER	previous I				iding in the	
PHASE 2: MAIN					Pictures and charts	

established a legal system, and initiated the Islamic calendar. He is revered for his simplicity, humility, and devotion to the welfare of the Muslim community.

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<u>Assessment</u>

I. What were some of the major achievements and challenges faced by the Rashidun caliphs during their respective reigns?

2. How did the roles and leadership styles of Abu Bakr, Umar ibn al-Khattab, Uthman ibn Affan, and Ali ibn Abi Talib differ from one another?

PHASE 3: REFLECTION

Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.

Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 26-05	5-2023	DAY:		Subject: R.M.E			
Duration: 60MINS				Strand	Strand: The Family & Community		
Class: B8	Class Size: Sub Strand: Prophets &			Caliphs			
Content Standard: B8 4.1.1: Identify and explain the moral lessons that can be learned from the exemplary lives of the prophets and caliphs Indicator: B8 4.1.1.2: Outline the mission and exelives of the Caliphs					Lesson: I OF 2		
Performance Indicator: Learners can outline the mission and exemplary lives of the Caliphs. Core Competence CP 5.2: CP 6.3 CC							9.3: CC 9.4:
References: R.M.E C	Curriculum F	² g. 40					
Phase/Duration	Learners	Δ ctivitios				Resource	205
PHASE I: STARTER	Revise wit previous I	th learners to reesson.			ding in the	Resourc	Les
PHASE 2: MAIN	I. Abu Bak - Successfu apostasy a Peninsula u - Initiated i the Byzant future terri - Committe ensuring it: - Instituted emphasizii community 2. Umar ib - Led the Is conquering Persia Establishe appointme financial sy - Introduce programs, establishm - Instituted	- Established a comprehensive administrative system, including the appointment of governors and administrators, and developed a financial system to manage the state treasury Introduced reforms in governance, including public welfare programs, standardization of weights and measures, and the establishment of public institutions such as mosques and schools Instituted a codified legal system known as "Umar's Law" or "Umar's Code," providing guidelines for matters of governance and				Pictures charts	and

	 - Undertook the task of standardizing the Quranic text by commissioning the compilation of a definitive version to prevent regional variations. - Initiated public works projects, including the expansion of the Kaaba in Mecca and the construction of irrigation canals. - Expanded the Islamic navy, leading to maritime expeditions and trade expansion. - Sponsored the dissemination of the Quranic text by sending copies to different regions of the Islamic empire. 	
	 4. Ali ibn Abi Talib: Contributed to Islamic jurisprudence and legal scholarship, especially in matters of family law and governance. Promoted social justice and equity, emphasizing the need to address the welfare of the poor and marginalized. Faced challenges and conflicts, including the First Fitna (civil war), during which he sought arbitration to resolve the dispute with Muawiyah. Regarded as a prominent figure in Islamic spirituality and mysticism, with many teachings and sayings attributed to him. 	
	Learners in groups role the early life and contributions of the caliphs in Islam	
	Assessment I. How did Umar ibn al-Khattab contribute to the expansion and governance of the Islamic empire during his caliphate? 2. What were the key initiatives undertaken by Uthman ibn Affan, the third caliph, in the early Islamic era, and how did they impact the Muslim community?	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 09-0	6-2023	DAY:		Subject: R.M.E			
Duration: 60MINS				Strand: Religious Leaders			
Class: B8		Class Size:		Sub St	rand: Prophets & 0	Caliphs	
that can be learned from the exemplary lives of				.1.3: Examine lessons from the			Lesson:
	Performance Indicator: Learners can examine lessons from the exemplary lives of the Prophets and Caliphs Core Competencia CP 5.2: CP 6.3 CC 9						: CC 9.4:
References: R.M.E Cu	ırriculum F	Pg. 40					
Phase/Duration	Learners A	Activities				Resources	2
PHASE I:		th learners to rev	iew their ur	derstan	ding in the	resources	•
STARTER	previous I				J		
	Share per	formance indicato	ors with lear	ners.			
PHASE 3:	Share performance indicators with learners. Identify and explain the moral lessons in the lives of the prophets and the Caliphs. Moral Lessons Patriotism & Perseverance Courage & Hard work Peace lovers Led exemplary lives Led people to righteousness (God/Allah) Sacrifice Humility Dramatize aspects of the lives of the prophet and the Caliphs. Learners to role play four moral lessons learned from the lives the prophets and the Caliphs. Project Work: In seven groups, write an essay on the mission of each of the three named prophets and the Caliphs. Present your essays to class for discussion				Pictures and charts		
REFLECTION	•	discussion and eff what they have lea	•	_			
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.						