## SECOND TERM LESSON PLAN

# SOCIAL STUDIES – B7

### WEEK I

| Date: 13th MAY, 2022  | Period:   |  | Subject: Social Studies  |  |                   |
|---|---|--|--|--|-------------------|
| Duration: 50mins  | uration: 50mins   |  |  | Strand: Environment  |                   |
| Class: B7   |   | Class Size:  |  | Sub Strand: Mapping  | Skills            |
| <b>Content Standard:</b><br>B7.1.2.1. Demonstrate a range of mapping skills |   |  | involved in r  | Demonstrate skills<br>mapping and locating<br>e environment  | Lesson:<br>I of 3 |
| <b>Performance Indicator:</b><br>Learners can differentiate be              | etween a ma   | p and a scale  |  | <b>Core Competencies:</b><br>CP 5.1: CP 5.1: CC 8.11<br>DL 5.3:  |                   |
| References: Social Studie   | s Curriculu   | m Pg. 7-8  |  |  |                   |
|   | 1   |  |  |  |                   |
| Phase/Duration  | Learners  |  |  |  | Resources         |
| PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>   | cardinal p  | oints and lan  | dmarks.  | ow direction using the introduce the lesson.   |                   |
| PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNING  | Guide lea<br>"maps" a<br>• Maps<br>or par<br>• Scale<br>betwee<br>on the<br>Through<br>measure<br>represen<br>Learners<br>different<br>represen<br>different<br>Guide lea<br>street m<br>national<br>Examplea<br><i>i. political</i><br><i>a place</i><br><i>ii. physical</i> | arners to ex<br>and "scale".<br>- A map is a<br>- t of it drawn t<br>- It is the related<br>en two points<br>ground.<br>demonstrated<br>ments of ob<br>at these distances<br>of the distances<br>arners to idea<br>aps, maps sh<br>maps using a<br>map – it show | cplain the fo<br>representatio<br>to scale<br>tionship betwe<br>on the map of<br>tions let pup<br>jects on the<br>ances on pa<br>to take mea<br>n the schoo<br>ces taken o<br>entify types<br>nowing land<br>an atlas. | Illowing concepts:<br>on of the earth's surface<br>een a distance measured<br>and the actual distance<br>pils take<br>e ground and<br>per using a scale,<br>usurements of<br>ol compound and<br>n paper, using<br>of maps, including<br>scape features and<br>nd national boundaries of<br>al features of a place or |                   |

|                        | <ul> <li>iii. climatic maps – it shows the information about the climate of different areas.</li> <li>iv. road map – it shows different roads, highways or railways present in the area.</li> </ul> Assessment |  |
|------------------------|--|--|
|                        | <ol> <li>Differentiate between a map and a scale.</li> <li>Explain the following types of maps</li> <li>Delitized map</li> </ol>   |  |
|                        | a. Political map<br>b. Physical map  |  |
|                        | c. Topographic map   |  |
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION | Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.   |  |
|                        | Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.  |  |
|                        | Ask learners how the lesson will benefit them in their daily lives.  |  |

| Duration: 50mins       Strand: Environment         Class: B7       Class Size:       Sub Strand: Mapping Skills         Content Standard:<br>B7.1.2.1. Demonstrate a range of<br>mapping skills       Indicator:<br>B7.1.2.1.1. Demonstrate skills involved<br>in mapping and locating places in the<br>environment       Lesson:<br>2 of 3         Performance Indicator:<br>Learners can explain the importance of maps       Core Competencies:<br>CP 5.1: CC 8.1: DL 5.1: DL 6.3:         References: Social Studies Curriculum Pg. 7-8       Resources         Phase/Duration       Learners Activities       Resources         PHASE 1: STARTER       Guide learners to review their understanding in the<br>previous lesson.       Atlas, Map of Ghana         PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNING       Guide learners to explore the importance of maps to<br>different people, including airline managers, fisher<br>folk, farmers and, for example, a family which has<br>moved from a rural area to a city.       Atlas, Map of Ghana<br>and coastline) and human features (including<br>settlements, plantations and industrial developments)  | Date: 13th MAY, 2022  | Period: Subject: Social Studies  |   |                     | Subject: Social Studies |           |
|--|---|--|---|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| Indicator:<br>B7.1.2.1. Demonstrate skills involved<br>in mapping skillsIndicator:<br>B7.1.2.1.1. Demonstrate skills involved<br>in mapping and locating places in the<br>environmentLesson:<br>2 of 3Performance Indicator:<br>Learners can explain the importance of mapsCore Competencies:<br>CP 5.1: CC 8.1: DL 5.1: DL 6.3:References: Social Studies Curriculum Pg. 7-8Phase/DurationLearners ActivitiesResourcesPHASE 1: STARTERRevise with learners to review their understanding in the<br>previous lesson.Atlas, Map of GhanaPHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNINGGuide learners to explore the importance of maps to<br>different people, including airline managers, fisher<br>folk, farmers and, for example, a family which has<br>moved from a rural area to a city.Atlas, Map of GhanaLearners to identify components of maps, including<br>north arrow, scale, map key allowing representation<br>of physical features (including rivers, lakes, mountains<br>and coastline) and human features (including   | Duration: 50mins  |  |   | Strand: Environment |                         |           |
| Content Standard:       B7.1.2.1.1. Demonstrate skills involved in mapping and locating places in the environment       Lesson:       2 of 3         Performance Indicator:       Core Competencies:       CP 5.1: CC 8.1: DL 5.1: DL 6.3:         References: Social Studies Curriculum Pg. 7-8       Phase/Duration       Learners Activities         PHASE 1: STARTER       Revise with learners to review their understanding in the previous lesson.       Share performance indicators with learners.         PHASE 2: NEW       Guide learners to explore the importance of maps to different people, including airline managers, fisher folk, farmers and, for example, a family which has moved from a rural area to a city.       Atlas, Map of Ghana different people, including rivers, lakes, mountains and coastline) and human features (including  | Class: B7   | Class Size: Sub Strand: Mapping S  |   |                     | kills                   |           |
| Learners can explain the importance of maps       CP 5.1: CC 8.1: DL 5.1: DL 6.3:         References: Social Studies Curriculum Pg. 7-8         Phase/Duration       Learners Activities       Resources         PHASE 1: STARTER       Revise with learners to review their understanding in the previous lesson.       Share performance indicators with learners.       Resources         PHASE 2: NEW       Guide learners to explore the importance of maps to different people, including airline managers, fisher folk, farmers and, for example, a family which has moved from a rural area to a city.       Atlas, Map of Ghana city.         Learners to identify components of maps, including north arrow, scale, map key allowing representation of physical features (including rivers, lakes, mountains and coastline) and human features (including       Atlas, Map of Ghana  | Content Standard:B7.1.2.1. Demonstrate a range of<br>mapping skillsB7.1.2.1.1. Demonstrate skills involved<br>in mapping and locating places in the |  |   |                     |                         |           |
| Phase/Duration       Learners Activities       Resources         PHASE I: STARTER       Revise with learners to review their understanding in the previous lesson.       Share performance indicators with learners.         PHASE 2: NEW       Guide learners to explore the importance of maps to different people, including airline managers, fisher folk, farmers and, for example, a family which has moved from a rural area to a city.       Atlas, Map of Ghana         Learners to identify components of maps, including north arrow, scale, map key allowing representation of physical features (including rivers, lakes, mountains and coastline) and human features (including       Image: Component of components of components in the previous lesson of components of components in the previous lesson of physical features (including rivers, lakes, mountains and coastline) and human features (including   |   | oortance of m  | naps  |                     |                         | DL 6.3:   |
| PHASE I: STARTERRevise with learners to review their understanding in the<br>previous lesson.<br>Share performance indicators with learners.PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNINGGuide learners to explore the importance of maps to<br>different people, including airline managers, fisher<br>folk, farmers and, for example, a family which has<br>moved from a rural area to a city.Atlas, Map of GhanaLearners to identify components of maps, including<br>north arrow, scale, map key allowing representation<br>of physical features (including rivers, lakes, mountains<br>and coastline) and human features (including  | References: Social Studies  | s Curriculun   | n Pg. 7   | 7-8                 | ·                       |           |
| PHASE I: STARTERRevise with learners to review their understanding in the<br>previous lesson.<br>Share performance indicators with learners.PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNINGGuide learners to explore the importance of maps to<br>different people, including airline managers, fisher<br>folk, farmers and, for example, a family which has<br>moved from a rural area to a city.Atlas, Map of GhanaLearners to identify components of maps, including<br>north arrow, scale, map key allowing representation<br>of physical features (including rivers, lakes, mountains<br>and coastline) and human features (including  |   |  |   | -                   |                         |           |
| PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNINGGuide learners to explore the importance of maps to<br>different people, including airline managers, fisher<br>folk, farmers and, for example, a family which has<br>moved from a rural area to a city.Atlas, Map of GhanaLearners to identify components of maps, including<br>north arrow, scale, map key allowing representation<br>of physical features (including rivers, lakes, mountains<br>and coastline) and human features (includingImage: Component of the sector of the s |   |  |   |                     | • • • • • •             | Resources |
| LEARNINGdifferent people, including airline managers, fisher<br>folk, farmers and, for example, a family which has<br>moved from a rural area to a city.Learners to identify components of maps, including<br>north arrow, scale, map key allowing representation<br>of physical features (including rivers, lakes, mountains<br>and coastline) and human features (including  | PHASE I: STARTER  | previous le  | esson.  |                     |                         |           |
| using names, symbols and colors.         Pupils go out of the classroom and identify specific landmarks in their locality and represent these features on a sketch.         Pupils in groups, to measure the school compound using tapes, record their findings and convert their records into maps.         Assessment         I. what is a scale of a map?         2. describe the three ways of indicating a scale on a map.         PHASE 3:         PHASE 3:         Very   | LEARNING<br>PHASE 3:  | different p<br>folk, farm<br>moved fro<br>Learners<br>north arro<br>of physica<br>and coast<br>settlemen<br>using nam<br>Pupils go<br>landmarks<br>features of<br>Pupils in<br>using tape<br>records i<br><u>Assessme</u><br>I. what is<br>2. describ<br>map.<br>Use peer of | peopl<br>ers ar<br>om a<br>to ide<br>ow, s<br>al feat<br>line) a<br>lines, sy<br>out o<br>s in th<br>on a s<br>group<br>es, rec<br>into n<br>a sca<br>be the<br>discuss |                     |                         |           |
| <b>REFLECTION</b> from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.<br>Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.  | REFLECTION  |  |   |                     | -                       |           |

## SECOND TERM LESSON PLAN

## SOCIAL STUDIES – B7

| <b>Date:</b> 20 <sup>TH</sup> MAY, 2022                       | DAY :  |  |  | Subject: Social Studies   |           |  |
|---|--|--|--|---|-----------|--|
| Duration:   |  |  |  | Strand: Environment   |           |  |
| Class: B7   |  | Class  | s Size:  | Sub Strand: Mapping   | Skills    |  |
| B/I/I Demonstrate a range of mapping                          |  |  |  | Demonstrate skills involved in<br>Id locating places in the 3 of 3  |           |  |
| <b>Performance Indicator:</b><br>Learners can explain the typ | es of scales.  |  |  | Core Competencies<br>CP 5.1: CC 8.1: DL 5.1   |           |  |
| References: Social Studie                                     | s Curriculu  | m Pg.  | 7-8  |   |           |  |
|   |  |  |  |   |           |  |
| Phase/Duration  | Learners   |  |  |   | Resources |  |
| PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>                                       | previous   | Revise with learners to review their understanding in the previous lesson.   |  |   |           |  |
|   |  |  | nce indicators with  |   |           |  |
| PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNING                                      | marking t<br>Let learne<br>communi<br>For exam<br>High Scho<br>Engage let<br>Example:<br>scale.<br>Demonst<br>Example:<br>• First<br>• Use y<br>distar<br>• Relate<br>Guide lea<br>Example:<br>represent<br>• Chan | he ma<br>ers loc<br>ty usin<br>ple, th<br>ool.<br>arners<br>linear<br>rate to<br>how t<br>note the<br>our ru<br>note the<br>our ru<br>note the<br>cour s<br>active s<br>ge the | in features.<br>ate some importan<br>g maps.<br>e bank is 500 meter<br>to discuss the type<br>scale, statement sc<br>o use the statemen<br>he two points invol<br>uler or a piece of the<br>tween the two point<br>istance measured<br>to convert one sca<br>to change statement<br>scale. | ers north of the Junior<br>es of scales.<br>ale and representative<br>use the types of scales.<br>It scale<br>lived<br>nread to measure the<br>nts<br>to the given scale.<br>le to another scale. |           |  |

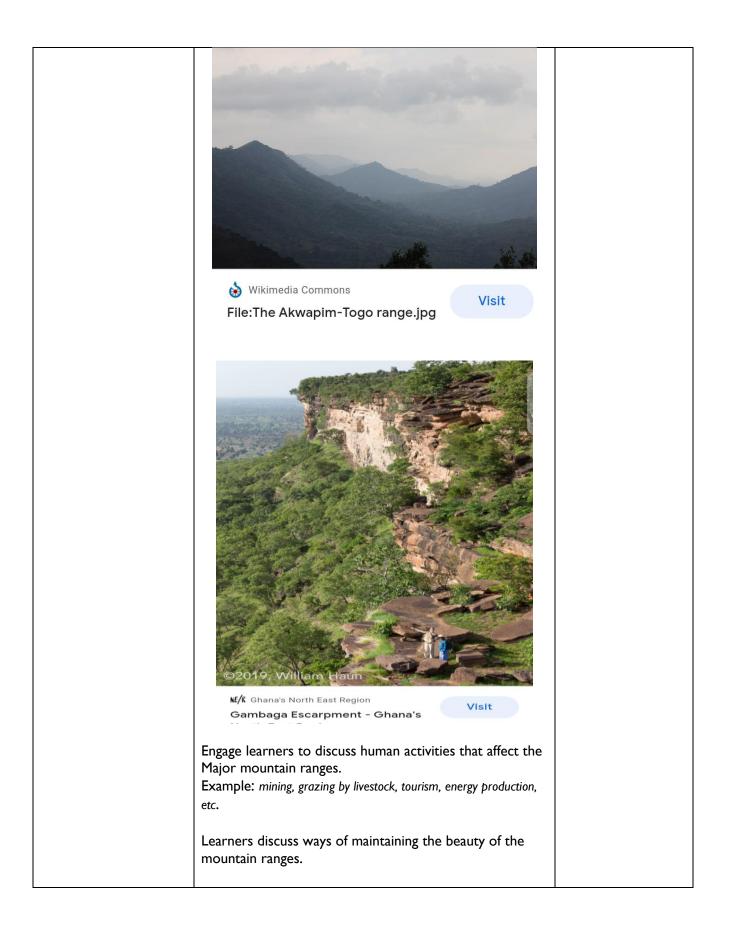
|                        | = I : 100000<br>R.F. = $\frac{1}{100000}$   |  |
|------------------------|---|--|
|                        | <ul> <li><u>Assessment</u></li> <li>I. State and explain the types of scales.</li> <li>2. Change the statement scale I cm to 2 km into R.F. or ratio scale</li> <li>3. Change the R.F. scale I : 200000 to a statement scale</li> </ul> |  |
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION | Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out<br>from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.<br>Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.  |  |

| <b>Date:</b> 20 <sup>TH</sup> MAY, 2022                              |   | DAY:        |                 | Subject: Social Studies                                 |                   |
|--|---|-------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
| Duration: 50mins   | Strand: Environment   |             |                 |   |                   |
| Class: B7  | Class Size: Sub Strand: Understanding Our World   |             |                 | nding Our Natural                                       |                   |
| around us  | ow understanding of the world B   |             |                 | amine major physical<br>e earth                         | Lesson:<br>I OF 2 |
| <b>Performance Indicator:</b><br>Learners can mention some<br>earth. | major phys  | sical featu | ures of the     | <b>Core Competencies:</b><br>(CP), CP 5.6: CI 5.4: CI 6 | 5.4: CP 5.1:      |
| References: Social Studie  | s Curriculu   | ım Pg. 9-   | 10              |   |                   |
| Phase/Duration   | Learners  | Activitie   | s               |   | Resources         |
| PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>  | Revise wi<br>previous   | lesson.     |                 |   |                   |
| PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNING   | Share performance indicators with learners.Maps and AtlaGuide learners to identify some major features of the<br>earth such as mountain ranges, rivers, oceans, hot deserts<br>and tropical rainforest.Maps and AtlaWith the use of maps, guide learners to find the locations<br>of the following major physical features:<br>i. Mountain ranges, including Akuapim-Togo, Gambaga,<br>Kwahu, Himalayas, Rockies, Andes and AlpsMaps and Atlaii. Rivers, including the River Bia, Tano, Ankobra, Pra,<br>Densu, Volta, Nile, Niger, Congo, Ganges, Yangtze,<br>Amazon, MississippiMaps and Atlaiii. Oceans: Atlantic, Arctic, Southern, Indian, Pacific<br>iv. Hot deserts, including Sahara, Kalahari, Gobi, Arabian<br>v. Tropical rainforests, including the Amazon RainforestAssessment |             |                 |   |                   |
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION   | I. Mention any four rivers in Ghana.Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out<br>from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.   |             |                 |   |                   |
|  | Take feed   | lback fro   | om learners and | summarize the lesson.                                   |                   |

## SECOND TERM LESSON PLAN

## SOCIAL STUDIES – B7

| Date: 27 <sup>th</sup> MAY, 2022  |                              | DAY:           |              | Subject: Social Studie   | es                  |
|---|------------------------------|----------------|--------------|--|---------------------|
| Duration:   |                              |                |              | Strand: Environment  |                     |
| Class: B7   | Class: B7 Class Size:        |                |              | <b>Sub Strand:</b> Underst<br>World  | anding Our Natural  |
| Content Standard:<br>B7.1.3.1. Show understanding of the world<br>around us<br>Performance Indicator:<br>Learners can explore the major physical features of the<br>References: Social Studies Curriculum Pg. 9 -10 |                              |                | physical fea | Examine major<br>itures of the earth.<br><b>Core Competencies</b><br>CP 5.6: CI 5.4: CI 6.4: C |                     |
| Phase/Duration<br>PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>   | previous                     | th learners to |              | ir understanding in the<br>learners.   | Resources           |
| PHASE 2: <b>NEW</b><br><b>LEARNING</b>  | Revise wirranges in Example: | th learners to | o mention so | ome of the mountain  | Pictures and Charts |



|            | Les pictures / photographe to assist pupils Identify some  |
|------------|--|
|            | Use pictures / photographs to assist pupils Identify some  |
|            | major rivers in Ghana.   |
|            | Example:   |
|            |  |
|            |  |
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|            | CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR  |
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|            | the state of the s |
|            | and the second   |
|            |  |
|            | C Dreamstime.com W Wikipedia   |
|            | River Tano Photos - Free & Ankobra River - Wikipedia<br>Engage learners to discuss human activities that affect the  |
|            | Rivers.  |
|            | Example:   |
|            | 1. The discharge of industrial chemicals   |
|            | 2. Poor fishing methods such as the use of dangerous chemicals   |
|            | like DDT.  |
|            | 3. Dumping of solid and liquid waste, etc.   |
|            |  |
|            | Discuss the effects of plastic pollution on water  |
|            | bodies including streams, ponds, rivers, dams and  |
|            | lakes.   |
| PHASE 3:   | Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out  |
| REFLECTION | from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.   |
|            |  |
|            | Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.  |
|            |  |

| Date: 27 <sup>th</sup> MAY, 2022                                   |                                     | Period:                                    |  | Subject: Social Studie                                | 25                  |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|---------------------|
| Duration:  | uration: Strand: Environment        |  |  |   |                     |
| Class: B7  | Class: B7 Class Size:               |  |  | Sub Strand: Understa<br>World                         | anding Our Natural  |
| <b>Content Standard:</b><br>B7.1.3.1. Show understand<br>around us | nding of the                        | world                                      |  | Examine major<br>tures of the earth.                  | Lesson:<br>3 OF 3   |
| <b>Performance Indicator:</b><br>Learners can explore the m        | ajor physical                       | features of the                            | e earth.   | <b>Core Competencies</b><br>CP 5.6: CI 5.4: CI 6.4: C |                     |
| References: Social Studie  |                                     |  |  |   |                     |
| Phase/Duration   | Learners                            | Activities                                 |  |   | Resources           |
| PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>  | previous                            | ith learners to<br>lesson.<br>formance inc |  |   |                     |
| PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNING   | Using pict<br>the major<br>Example: |  | graphs, assist<br>feature of th<br>automatic<br>ts of wind on<br>circulation | t learners to explore<br>le earth.<br>Visit<br>Visit  | Pictures and Charts |

|                        | Image: Second system       Visit         Pacific Ocean – TRAFO – Blog for       Visit  |
|------------------------|--|
|                        | <ul> <li>Let learners talk about some importance of the ocean to the humankind.</li> <li>Example: <ul> <li>The ocean produces over half of the world's oxygen and absorbs 50 times more carbon dioxide than the atmosphere.</li> <li>The oceans regulate our climate and weather patterns.</li> <li>It serves as a means of transport.</li> <li>We also get food (fish) from it</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
|                        | Engage learners to discuss human activities that affect the ocean.<br>Example: sewage, toxic chemicals from industries, land runoff, large scale oil spills, ocean mining, littering, etc.<br>Discuss the effects of plastic pollution on water bodies including oceans.   |
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION | Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out<br>from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.<br>Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.   |

| Date: 3 <sup>rd</sup> JUNE, 2022   | DAY:  |  | Subject: Social Studies   |                      |  |  |
|--|---|--|---|----------------------|--|--|
| Duration:  | Strand: Environment   |  |   |                      |  |  |
| Class: B7  | Class Size:   |  | Sub Strand: Understandi   | ng Our Natural World |  |  |
| Content Standard:<br>B7.1.3.2 Assess the issue<br>and their management<br>Performance Indicator: |   |  | 2.1. Examine natural rs in the environment.                               | Lesson:<br>I OF 3    |  |  |
| Learners can examine nat<br>environment.   |   |  | Core Competencies:<br>CP 5.6: Cl 5.4: Cl 6.4: CP 5                        | .l:                  |  |  |
| References: Social Studie  | es Curriculum Pg. 9 - 10  |  |   |                      |  |  |
| Phase/Duration<br>PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>  | Learners Activities<br>Revise with learners to<br>previous lesson.<br>Share performance inc   | Revise with learners to review their understanding in the previous lesson. |   |                      |  |  |
| PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNING   | Brainstorm learners to<br>Natural disaster can be de<br>from natural phenomena.<br>Learners share experie<br>caused by the rains in | ence fror<br>parts of a<br>learners  | natural disasters.<br>any misfortune that occurs<br>n the recent flooding | Pictures and Charts  |  |  |

|                        | Let learners mention examples of natural disasters,<br>including flood, drought, landslide, wildfire, earthquake<br>and sea erosion.   |  |
|------------------------|--|--|
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION | Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out<br>from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.<br>Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson. |  |

| <b>Date:</b> 3 <sup>rd</sup> JUNE, 2022   |  | DAY:   |   | Subject: Social Studie   | 25                  |  |
|---|--|--|---|--|---------------------|--|
| Duration:   |  |  |   | Strand: Environment  |                     |  |
| Class: B7 Class Siz   |  |  |   | Sub Strand: Underst<br>World   | anding Our Natural  |  |
| Content Standard:<br>B7.1.3.2 Assess the issue<br>and their management<br>Performance Indicator:<br>Learners can examine natu |  |  | disasters in  | 7.1.3.2.1. Examine natural<br>sasters in the environment. I OF 3<br>Core Competencies: |                     |  |
| References: Social Studie   | s Curriculu  | m Pg. 9 - 10   |   |  |                     |  |
| Phase/Duration<br>PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>   | Revise wi<br>previous  | lesson.  |   | ir understanding in the  | Resources           |  |
| PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNING  | Revise wi<br>Example:<br>Brainstor<br>Flooding is<br>Guide lea<br>Heavy<br>Overfle<br>Collap<br>Snowr<br>Climat<br>In groups<br>Example:<br>Loss o<br>Dama<br>Destru<br>Loss o | flooding, earn<br>m learners fo<br>the over flowing<br>flooding<br>the over flowing<br>flooding, earn<br>flooding, earn<br>floodin | ome example<br>thquake, etc.<br>or the meaning<br>of water onto | es of natural disasters.   | Pictures and Charts |  |

|                        | Again, engage learners to discuss the causes and effect of<br>earthquake.<br>Earthquake, also known as tremor or temblor, is the shaking of the<br>surface of the earth resulting from a sudden release of energy in the<br>earth's lithosphere that creates seismic waves. |
|------------------------|---|
|                        | When the stress on the edge overcomes the friction, there is an earthquake that releases energy in waves that travel through the earth's crust and causes the shaking that we feel.   |
|                        | Assessment<br>I. Identify and explain three causes of flooding.<br>2. Explain three effects of Earthquake.  |
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION | Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out<br>from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.   |
|                        | Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.   |

| Date: 10 <sup>th</sup> JUNE, 202                         | 22 <b>DAY:</b>   |  |  | Subject: Social Studies                    |          |                        |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|----------|------------------------|--|
| Duration:  |  | L  |  | Strand: Environment                        |          |                        |  |
| Class: B7  |  | Class Size:  |  | Sub Strand: Understanding Our Natural Worl |          |                        |  |
|  | B7.1.3.2 Assess the issue of natural disasters B7.1.3  |  |  |  |          |                        |  |
| Performance Indic<br>Learners can examin<br>environment. | ance Indicator:<br>Can examine natural disasters in the CP 5.6: CI 5.4: CI 6.4: CP 5.1:  |  |  |  | <u> </u> |                        |  |
| References: Social                                       | Studies Cur  | riculum Pg. 9 - 10   |  |  |          |                        |  |
| Phase/Duration<br>PHASE I:<br><b>STARTER</b>             | Revise wit<br>lesson.  | Learners Activities<br>Revise with learners to review their understanding in the previous<br>lesson. |  |  |          |                        |  |
| PHASE 2: <b>NEW</b><br><b>LEARNING</b>                   | Share performance indicators with learners.         Revise with learners some examples of natural disasters.         Example: wildfire, earthquake, landslide, etc.         Brainstorm learners for the meaning of Wildfire.         Wildfire is an unplanned, uncontrolled and unpredictable fire in an area of combustible vegetarian starting in rural and urban areas. |  |  |  |          | Pictures and<br>Charts |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |          |                        |  |
|  |  | wildfi   |  |  |          |                        |  |
|  | <ul> <li>Guide learners to discuss the causes of flooding.</li> <li>Burning debris</li> <li>cigarette</li> <li>Lighting</li> <li>Fireworks</li> <li>Volcanic eruption</li> <li>In groups, let learners discuss the effects of flooding.</li> <li>Example:</li> <li>Loss of human life</li> <li>Damage of property</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |          |                        |  |

|                        | Destruction of crops  |
|------------------------|---|
|                        | Loss of livestock   |
|                        | Again, engage learners to discuss the causes and effect of landslide.<br>Landslide is the movement of a mass of rock, debris, or earth down a slope.          |
|                        | Landslide   |
|                        | Causes of landslides         • Deforestation         • Shifting cultivation         • Heavy rainfall and earthquakes         • Mining         • Urbanization. |
|                        | In groups, learners discuss the effects of landslide on humans and<br>properties.<br>Loss of life<br>Destruction of infrastructure<br>Damage to land, etc.    |
|                        | Leaders of each group presents their findings to the whole class.<br>Encourage learners to ask questions after each presentation.                             |
|                        | Assessment<br>1. State and explain any three causes and effects of landslide<br>2. State and explain any three causes and effects of wildfire                 |
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION | Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.  |
|                        | Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.   |

| Date: 10 <sup>th</sup> JUNE, 2022   |  | DAY:   |  | Subject: Social Studies   |  |                       |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|-----------------------|
| Duration:   |  |  |  | Strand: En  | vironment  |                       |
| Class: B7   |  | Class Size:  |  | Sub Stran   | d: Understand  | ing Our Natural World |
| <b>Content Standard:</b><br>B7.1.3.2 Assess the issue<br>and their management | lisasters  |  | or:<br>2.1. Examine<br>rs in the envi  |   | Lesson:<br>2 OF 2  |                       |
| <b>Performance Indicator:</b><br>Learners can describe how<br>environment.    | e natural disas  | sters in th  | ne   | Core Comp<br>CP 5.6: CI 5.4   | etencies:<br>:: Cl 6.4: CP 5.1:  |                       |
| References: Social Studie   | es Curriculu   | ım Pg. 9 -10   |  |   |  |                       |
| Phase/Duration  |  | Activities   |  | 4h a in d a   |  | Resources             |
| PHASE I: <b>STARTER</b>   | previous   |  |  |   | standing in the  |                       |
| PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNING  | Engage le<br>disasters.<br>Example:<br>Landslide<br>Modif;<br>Using<br>Installi<br>Grouti<br>Divert<br>Wildfire<br>Check wea<br>Build camp<br>Keep vehic<br>Regularly n<br>Guide lea<br>responsit<br>natural di<br>Meteorol<br>Managem<br>Assessme<br>State f<br>Agenc<br>Briefly<br>Manag | Arners to disc<br>How to redu-<br>s<br>ying slope geom<br>chemicals agent<br>ing structures su-<br>ing rock joints an<br>ing debris pathy<br>ther and drough<br>fire in an open<br>les off dry grass<br>maintain your eq<br>urners to disc<br>ble for early d<br>isasters in Gh<br>logical Agency<br>ent Organisa<br>ent<br>four functions<br>y (GMA)<br>r explain the r<br>gement Organ | cuss ways<br>uce the ri<br>eetry<br>ts to reinfo<br>uch as piles<br>nd fissures<br>ways, etc.<br>ht condition<br>location and<br>uss the re<br>letection<br>hana, inclu<br>y (GMA),<br>tion (NA<br>s of the G<br>role of th<br>hisation (I | s to managin<br>sk of;<br>rce slope mate<br>and retaining<br>of far from flar<br>nd vehicles, etc<br>ole of institu<br>and manage<br>uding Ghana<br>National Di<br>DMO).<br>Shana Meteo<br>e National E<br>NADMO) | g natural<br>erial<br>walls<br>mmables<br>c.<br>ntions<br>ment of<br>isaster<br>prological<br>Disaster | Pictures and Charts   |
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION  | from lear  | ners what the  | ey have le   | earnt during  |  |                       |
|   | I ake feed   | back from le   | arners ar  | ia summariz   | e the lesson.  |                       |

| Date: 17 <sup>th</sup> JUNE, 20  | 22 DAY: Subject: Social Studies   |  |  |  |                           |                        |
|--|---|--|--|--|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Duration:  |   |  |  | Strand: Environment  |                           |                        |
| Class: B7  |   | Class Size:  |  | Sub Strand: Socialization  |                           |                        |
| Content Standard:<br>B7.2.3.1. Exhibit knowledge of the importance<br>of socializationIndicator:<br>B7.2.3.1.1 Examine the place of<br>socialization in developing the<br>individual |   |  |  |  |                           | son:<br>F 2            |
| Performance Indie<br>Learners can explain  |   | t of socialization   |  | <b>Core Competencie</b><br>CP 5.6: CI 5.4: CI 6.4:   |                           | 1.                     |
| References: Social   | •   |  |  |  | . Cr J                    |                        |
|  |   |  |  |  |                           |                        |
| Phase/Duration   | Learners /  |  |  |  |                           | Resources              |
| PHASE I:<br>STARTER  | Revise wit<br>lesson.   | th learners to revie   | ew their under   | rstanding in the previ   | ous                       |                        |
| PHASE 2: <b>NEW</b><br><b>LEARNING</b>   | Guide lead<br>behavior to<br><i>It is the pro-<br/>society.</i><br>Engage lead<br>Example:<br>Prim<br>and si<br>Secon<br>individe<br>places<br>Antice<br>individe<br>outsice<br>Re-soc<br>patter<br>Guide lead<br>socialization<br>i. Agencies<br>beliefs and<br>Example: | to the norms of a construction | e meaning of s<br>culture or soci-<br>ople are taught to<br>the forms of so<br>- the initial to<br>on – the furth<br>e school, comma<br>tion – the pri-<br>he life style of<br>process where<br>r she learns at<br>rms in relation<br>utions that pas-<br>uals in the com-<br>rch, communit<br>s of the work | socialization (adapting<br>iety).<br>to be proficient members<br>cial<br>raining given by parer<br>her training that<br>nunity, church and ot<br>ocess where the<br>f a popular person in<br>eby the individual<br>home and picks up r<br>in to the concept of<br>s values, attitudes,<br>munity.<br>cy and media. | of a<br>nts<br>ther<br>or | Pictures and<br>Charts |

|                        | <ol> <li>What is socialization?</li> <li>State and explain the forms of socialization.</li> <li>Differentiate between agents and agencies of socialization.</li> </ol>       |
|------------------------|--|
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION | Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from<br>learners what they have learnt during the lesson.<br>Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson. |

| Date: 17 <sup>th</sup> JUNE, 202  | ate: 17 <sup>th</sup> JUNE, 2022         DAY:         Subject:  |   |                     | Subject: Social Stu                            | udies                       |
|---|---|---|---------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Duration:   |   |   |                     | Strand: Environm                               | ent                         |
| Class: B7   |   | Class Size:                                 |                     | Sub Strand: Socialization                      |                             |
| B7.2.3.1. Exhibit knowledge of the importance<br>of socialization in developing the<br>individual |   |   |                     |  | Lesson:<br>2 OF 2           |
| Performance Indica<br>Learners can describe<br>process.   |   | of the agencies in 1                        | the socialization   | <b>Core Competenc</b><br>CP 5.6: CI 5.4: CI 6. | . <b>ies:</b><br>4: CP 5.1: |
| References: Social S  | Studies Cur   | riculum Pg. 9 - 10                          |                     |  |                             |
| Phase/Duration  | Learners  | Activities                                  |                     |  | Resources                   |
| PHASE I:<br>STARTER   | lesson.   |   |                     | nding in the previou                           |                             |
| PHASE 2: NEW  |   | formance indicator<br>h learners to iden    |                     | nd agents of                                   | Pictures and                |
| LEARNING  |   | on, including family                        | , .                 | •  | Charts                      |
|   | <ul> <li>Have learners discuss the roles of agencies and agents in the socialization process.</li> <li>In groups, learners research on the role of the mass media in socialization of an individual.</li> <li>Example:</li> <li>Provision of information on social and political events.</li> <li>Provision of education</li> <li>Provision of entertainment, etc.</li> </ul> |   |                     |  |                             |
|   |   | of school in the so                         | cialization process | i  |                             |
|   |   | ission of knowledge<br>n of character forme | ation               |  |                             |
|   |   | n of intellectual and                       |                     | etc.   |                             |
|   | <ul> <li>The role of the church in the socialization process</li> <li>Character formation</li> <li>Instils discipline</li> <li>Provision of good moral values, etc.</li> </ul>  |   |                     |  |                             |
|   | Guide lead<br>attempt to<br>Example:<br>• Negativ<br>• Influenc<br>• Deman  |   |                     |  |                             |
|   | Assessme<br>I. State  | <u>nt</u><br>and explain three a            | agents and agencie  | es of socialization.                           |                             |

|                        | <ol> <li>Briefly explain four roles of the media in the socialization process.</li> <li>Examine the role of the school in character formation.</li> <li>Explain why the school has failed to the change in character formation.</li> </ol> |
|------------------------|--|
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION | formation of the youth.Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from<br>learners what they have learnt during the lesson.Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.  |

| Date: 24 <sup>th</sup> JUNE, 202                  | 22   | DAY:  |   | Subject: Social Stuc  | lies   |              |  |
|---|--|---|---|---|--------|--------------|--|
| Duration:   |  |   |   | Strand: Environme   | nt     |              |  |
| Class: B7   |  | Class Size:   |   | Sub Strand: Socialization   |        |              |  |
|   |  |   | B7.2.3.1.1 Ex   | xplain the<br>of socialization I OF 2   |        |              |  |
|   | Performance Indicator: Core Competencies:  |   |   |   |        |              |  |
| Learners can explain<br><b>References:</b> Social | •  |   | n <b>.</b>  | CP 5.6: CI 5.4: CI 6.4  | : CP 3 | ).1:         |  |
|   |  |   |   |   |        |              |  |
| Phase/Duration                                    | Learners A   | Activities  |   |   |        | Resources    |  |
| PHASE I:  | Revise wit   | th learners to revie  | ew their under  | rstanding in the previ  | ous    |              |  |
| STARTER   | lesson.  |   |   |   |        |              |  |
|   | Share per  | formance indicator  | rs with learner   | ſS.   |        |              |  |
| PHASE 2: NEW                                      |  |   |   | find out the need for   |        | Pictures and |  |
| LEARNING  | socializati  | on and the challeng   | ges associated  | with it.  |        | Charts       |  |
|   | Importance<br>I. Socialization<br>economy. Person<br>secured and<br>2. It helps to<br>uniformity of<br>3. It helps the<br>helps the in<br>5. It enables<br>6. It helps to<br>Engage lead<br>I. Deviant to<br>2. There with<br>practices with   | arents and governmen<br>I fulfilled life for their of<br>o maintain norms and<br>is it is passed on from<br>dividual to achieve his<br>s the individual to part<br>he individual to elevate<br>arners to debate of<br>behavior proliferates so<br>ll be problem of cultur<br>ill be lost. | ng to acquire skill<br>t show interest in<br>children and citiz<br>culture in a soci<br>generation to ge<br>or an acceptable<br>or her personal<br>ticipate in his or h<br>e his or her natio<br>n the effects of<br>pociety. E.g. substa<br>al preservation. i | ls necessary to enter the<br>n this because they desire<br>ens.<br>ety. It ensures conformity<br>eneration.<br>member of society. 4. It<br>goals and aspirations.<br>her environment.<br>nal identity.<br>If lack of socialization<br>ance abuse, prostitution e<br>e many of our traditional | , and  |              |  |
|   | <ol> <li>There will be break down of public/social morality. E.g. indecent dressing, foul language, corruption and others.</li> <li>Break down of extended family system.</li> <li>There will be low productivity as a result of work ethics.</li> <li>Due to influence by other cultures, there will be lost of cultural identity.</li> <li>Resources will be channeled into maintaining law and other thereby good slowing down development. E.g. maintaining prisoners, mentally challenged and other.</li> <li>Assessment</li> </ol> |   |   |   |        |              |  |

|                        | <ol> <li>State four effects of lack of socialization.</li> <li>Explain three importance of socialization.</li> </ol> |
|------------------------|--|
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION | Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.     |
|                        | Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.  |

| Date: 17th JUNE, 202                                    | .2  | DAY:                                       |   | Subject: Social Stu                            | udies               |
|---|---|--|---|--|---------------------|
| Duration:   |   |  |   | Strand: Environm                               | ent                 |
| Class: B7   |   | Class Size:                                |   | Sub Strand: Socia                              | lization            |
| B7.2.3.1. Exhibit knowledge of the importance pron      |   |  | Indicator:<br>B7.2.3.1.1 Descr<br>promoting socia<br>society. | cribe the ways of<br>ialization in our 2 OF 2  |                     |
| Performance Indica<br>Learners can describe<br>society. |   | of promoting socia                         | alization in our  | <b>Core Competend</b><br>CP 5.6: CI 5.4: CI 6. |                     |
| References: Social S                                    | Studies Cur   | riculum Pg. 9 - 10                         |   |  |                     |
| Phase/Duration  | Learners  | Activities                                 |   |  | Resources           |
| PHASE I:  |   |  | ew their understar  | nding in the previou                           |                     |
| STARTER   | lesson.   |  |   |  | -                   |
|   |   | c  |   |  |                     |
| PHASE 2: NEW  |   |  |   |  | Pictures and        |
| LEARNING  | <ul> <li>Share performance indicators with learners.</li> <li>With the use of the Internet, let learners find ways of promoting socialization in our society.</li> <li>I. Children should be encouraged to participate actively in cultural programmes. Through these programmes children become socialized and our cultural heritage is passed on to them.</li> <li>2. Moral education should be pursued actively in the society. A good moral is the ability of an individual to differentiate good values from bad ones</li> <li>3. The youth should be helped to develop good patterns of behavior. Schools, churches and the home should come together to organize healthy youth programmes. These programmes must be interesting and drawn along the lines of the values of cultural practices of the society.</li> <li>4. The schools need to teach family life education. The families must also show responsible parenthood. Parents need to show care, love, devotion, honesty, etc. for their children to emulate.</li> <li>5. Cultural festivals should be encouraged in the nation and communities to encourage socialization.</li> <li>6. The society must also make a conscious effort to socialize the youth. There is the need to revive societal values that depict good moral values in the society.</li> <li>Role-play and embark on a socializing project involving the school and the community.</li> </ul> |  |   |  | es<br>v<br>c.<br>is |
|   | Assessme<br>I. State  |  |   |  |                     |
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION                                  |   | discussion and effe<br>vhat they have lear |   |  |                     |
|   | Take feed   | back from learners                         | s and summarize t   | he lesson.                                     |                     |

| Duration:         Strand: Socio-Economic Development           Class: B7         Class Size:         Sub Strand: Human Resource<br>Development           Content Standard:<br>B7.5.1.1.Demonstrate knowledge of human<br>resource development in Ghana         Indicator:<br>B7.5.1.1.1 Identify the types of<br>resource available to a nation.         Lesson:<br>I OF 2           Performance Indicator:<br>Learners can describe types of resources available to a nation.         Core Competencies:<br>CP 5.1: CC 8.1: CC 9.1: CP 5.2: CC<br>7.2: CC 8.1: CC 9.1: CP 5.2: CC<br>7.2: CC 8.1:         Resources           Phase/Duration         Learners Activities         Resources         Resources           PHASE 1:<br>STARTER         Revise with learners to review their understanding in the previous<br>I Stare performance indicators with learners.         Pictures and<br>Charts           PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNING         Brainstorm learners to explain the following terms;<br>Refers to any form of materials available to societies which are<br>used in the production of goods and services.         Pictures and<br>Charts           Development<br>Is the qualitative and quantitative improvement in the standard of<br>living of people in the society.         Utilization<br>Refers to how a society is able to fully use its resources to<br>improve the quality of life or satisfy human needs.           Guide learners to discuss the types of resources.         • Natural resources<br>• Capital resources         • Natural resources<br>• Capital resources           I. Renewable natural resources         I. Renewable natural resources         I. Renewable natural resources<br>• Human resources  | Date: I <sup>st</sup> JULY, 2022 |   | DAY:  |  | Subject: Social Stud   | lies |                   |
|--|----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|------|-------------------|
| Class: B7       Class Size:       Development         Content Standard:<br>B7.5.1.1.Demonstrate knowledge of human<br>resource development in Ghana       Indicator:<br>B7.5.1.1.1 Identify the types of<br>resources available to a nation.       Lesson:<br>1 OF 2         Performance Indicator:<br>Learners can describe types of resources available to a nation.       Core Competencies:<br>CP 5.1: CC 8.1: CC 8.1: CC 9.1: CP 5.2: CC<br>7.2: CC 8.1:         References: Social Studies Curriculum Pg. 22-23       Resources         Phase/Duration       Learners Activities         PHASE 1:<br>STARTER       Revise with learners to review their understanding in the previous<br>lesson.         Share performance indicators with learners.       Pictures and<br>Charts         PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNING       Brainstorm learners to explain the following terms;<br>Refers to any form of materials available to societies which are<br>used in the production of goods and services.       Pictures and<br>Charts         Development<br>Is the qualitative and quantitative improvement in the standard of<br>living of people in the society.       Utilization<br>Refers to how a society is able to fully use its resources to<br>improve the quality of life or satisfy human needs.         Guide learners to explain the main types of natural resources.       . Natural resources         • Capital resources       . Human resources         • Human resources       . Renewable natural resource strue which can be replaced after their quality and<br>quantity have been exhausted through mark activities. For instance, tree planting.   | Duration:                        |   |   |  | Strand: Socio-Economic Development   |      |                   |
| B7.5.1.1. Demonstrate knowledge of human<br>resource development in Ghana       B7.5.1.1.1. Identify the types of<br>resources available to a nation.       I OF 2         Performance Indicator:<br>Learners can describe types of resources available to a nation.       Core Competencies:<br>C 5.1: CC 8.1: CC 8.1: CC 9.1: CP 5.2: CC<br>7.2: CC 8.1:         References: Social Studies Curriculum Pg. 22-23         Phase/Duration       Learners Activities       Resources         PHASE 1:<br>PHASE 1:<br>Brainstorm learners to review their understanding in the previous<br>lesson.       Pictures and<br>Share performance indicators with learners.         PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNING       Brainstorm learners to explain the following terms;<br>Refers to any form of materials available to societies which are<br>used in the production of goods and services.       Pictures and<br>Charts         Development<br>Is the qualitative and quantitative improvement in the standard of<br>living of people in the society.       Utilization<br>Refers to how a society is able to fully use its resources to<br>improve the quality of life or satisfy human needs.         Guide learners to discuss the types of resources.       . Natural resources       .<br>. Natural resources         .       . Mutard resources       .<br>. Human resources       .<br>. Human resources         .       . Mutard resources       .<br>. Renewable natural resources to<br>ingrove the eachaused through mark activities. for instance, tree planting,  | Class: B7                        |   | Class Size:   |  |  |      |                   |
| Prenomance indicator:       CP 5.1: CC 8.1: CC 9.1: CP 5.2: CC 7.2: CC 7.2: CC 8.1: CC 9.1: CP 5.2: CC 7.2: CC 8.1: CC 9.1: CP 5.2: CC 7.2: CC 8.1: CP 5.2: CE 7.2: CC 8.1: CP 5.2: CE 7.2: CP 5.2: CE 7.2: CP 5.2: CE 7.2: CP 5.2: CP 7.2: CP 5.2: CP 7.2: CP 5.2: CP 7.2: CP | B7.5.1.1. Demonstrate            | e knowledge   | of human  | B7.5.1.1.1.1   | vailable to a nation.  | 10   |                   |
| Phase/Duration       Learners Activities       Resources         PHASE I:       Revise with learners to review their understanding in the previous lesson.       Share performance indicators with learners.         PHASE 2: NEW       Brainstorm learners to explain the following terms;<br>Refers to any form of materials available to societies which are used in the production of goods and services.       Pictures and Charts         Development<br>Is the qualitative and quantitative improvement in the standard of living of people in the society.       Utilization         Refers to how a society is able to fully use its resources to improve the quality of life or satisfy human needs.       Guide learners to discuss the types of resources.         • Natural resources       • Capital resources       • Capital resources         • Guide learners to explain the main types of natural resources.       • Human resources         • Human resources       • Human resources       • Human resources  | CP 5.1: CC 8.1: CC 8.1: CC       |   |   |  |  |      | C 9.1: CP 5.2: CC |
| PHASE 1:       Revise with learners to review their understanding in the previous lesson.         Share performance indicators with learners.       Phase 2: NEW         PHASE 2: NEW       Brainstorm learners to explain the following terms;         LEARNING       Refers to any form of materials available to societies which are used in the production of goods and services.         Development       Is the qualitative and quantitative improvement in the standard of living of people in the society.         Utilization       Refers to how a society is able to fully use its resources to improve the quality of life or satisfy human needs.         Guide learners to discuss the types of resources.       •         •       Natural resources         •       Guide learners to explain the main types of natural resources.         •       Human resources   | References: Social S             | Studies Cur   | riculum Pg. 22-23   |  |  |      |                   |
| PHASE 2: NEW       Brainstorm learners to explain the following terms;       Pictures and         Resources       Refers to any form of materials available to societies which are used in the production of goods and services.       Pictures and Charts         Development       Is the qualitative and quantitative improvement in the standard of living of people in the society.       Utilization         Refers to how a society is able to fully use its resources to improve the quality of life or satisfy human needs.       Guide learners to discuss the types of resources.         •       Natural resources       •         •       Capital resources         •       Human resources         •       These are the natural resources         •       These are the natural resources         •       These are the natural resources   | PHASE I:                         | Revise wit  |   | ew their unde  | rstanding in the previ   | ous  | Resources         |
| 2. Inexhaustible natural resources<br>These are natural resources that can be used over and over without them getting<br>finished or depleted. Example are air, sunlight and the sea.  |                                  | Brainstorn<br>Resources<br>Refers to<br>used in th<br><u>Developm</u><br>Is the qua<br>living of p<br><u>Utilization</u><br>Refers to<br>improve t<br>Guide leas<br>• Natura<br>• Capital<br>• Human<br>Guide leas<br>1. Renewabl<br>These are the<br>quantity have<br>afforestation,<br>2. Inexhaust<br>These are na | m learners to explain<br>any form of materia<br>e production of go<br><u>nent</u><br>litative and quantitie<br>eople in the society<br>how a society is all<br>he quality of life or<br>rners to discuss the<br>resources<br>rners to explain the<br>e natural resources<br>e natural resources<br>to resources<br>is farming are forms of<br>the natural resources<br>tural resources that can | ain the followi<br>ials available t<br>oods and servi<br>ative improve<br>y.<br>ble to fully use<br>satisfy human<br>e types of res<br>ials which can be<br>h man's activities.<br>of natural resource<br>be used over and | ng terms;<br>o societies which are<br>ces.<br>ment in the standard<br>e its resources to<br>n needs.<br>ources.<br>of natural resources.<br>replaced after their quality of<br>For instance, tree planting,<br>e replacement.<br>over without them getting | of   |                   |

| l          |   |
|------------|---|
|            | These refer to resources which cannot be replaced after they have been exhausted          |
|            | through man's activities. Minerals like gold, diamonds and bauxite cannot be replaced     |
|            | after exploitation by man. Man has no control over their provision.                       |
|            |   |
|            | Have learners discuss the importance of natural resources                                 |
|            | 1. Serve as major raw material. Natural resources serve as major raw materials without    |
|            | which production of goods cannot take place. Fish, timber, gold, cotton, cocoa, water and |
|            | others are all needed for production of goods.  |
|            | 2. Soil as a resource is the basis of agriculture especially land, which is used for the  |
|            | cultivation of crops.   |
|            |   |
|            | Assessment  |
|            | I. Explain the following terms.   |
|            | a. Resources  |
|            | b. Development  |
|            | c. Utilization  |
|            | c. Othization   |
|            |   |
|            | 2. State and explain the types of resources available to a nation.                        |
| PHASE 3:   | Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from                            |
| REFLECTION | learners what they have learnt during the lesson.   |
|            |   |
|            | Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.                                     |
|            |   |

| Date: I st JULY, 2022   | DAY: Subject: Social Studies   |  |   |   | lies              |                        |
|---|--|--|---|---|-------------------|------------------------|
| Duration:   |  |  |   | Strand: Socio-Econ  | omic              | Development            |
| Class: B7   |  | Class Size: Sub Strand: Human Res<br>Development   |   |   |                   | ource                  |
| <b>Content Standard:</b><br>B7.5.1.1. Demonstrat<br>resource developmen | e knowledge  | of human   |   | Development       1ention ways of numan resource in       I OF 2  |                   |                        |
| <b>Performance Indic</b><br>Learners can mentio<br>Ghana.               | eveloping human r  | esource in   | <b>Core Competencie</b><br>CP 5.1: CC 8.1: CC 8<br>7.2: CC 8.1:   |   | C 9.1: CP 5.2: CC |                        |
| References: Social  | Studies Cur  | riculum Pg. 22-23  |   | •   |                   |                        |
| Phase/Duration<br>PHASE I:<br><b>STARTER</b>                            | Learners A<br>Revise with<br>lesson.   |  | ew their under  | rstanding in the previ  | ous               | Resources              |
| PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNING  | Guide lead<br>utilized in<br><i>Lack of</i><br><i>Lack of</i><br><i>La</i> | Ghana.<br>f technical know-how.<br>f capital .<br>f equipment for exploi<br>emphasis placed on g<br>uate emphasis on tech<br>l instability<br>tition and conservation<br>m learners to expla<br>esource<br>to the size and the<br>esource development<br>rocess of increasing<br>s of all the people<br>engage learners to<br>ups.<br><u>or</u><br>f human resources in<br>ntal rather than sheet<br>These are highly rat<br>is, engineers, teacher<br>abor<br>pe of labor without a<br>e than their brains. T | hy the natural<br>tation or process<br>grammar schools<br>inical and vocation<br>ain the followi<br>abilities of a co<br>ent<br>g the knowled<br>in a society.<br>o group human<br>nvolves people<br>er physical strer<br>ed professional<br>rs, etc. | resources are not ful<br>ing.<br>onal education.<br>ng terms.<br>ountry's population.<br>Ige, skills, and the<br>n resources into their<br>having skills and knowle<br>igth in the production<br>like medical practitione<br>ing. They tend to use th | r<br>edge<br>ers, | Pictures and<br>Charts |

|                        | Semi-skilled labor refers to the human efforts that fall between the skilled<br>and unskilled labor. They are artisans such as carpenters, masons,<br>dressmakers among others   |
|------------------------|--|
|                        | <ul> <li><u>Assessment</u></li> <li>1. Explain the following <ul> <li>a. Human resources</li> <li>b. Natural resources</li> <li>c. Human resources development</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. State and explain the main types of human resources available to a nation.</li> <li>3. State and explain four factors affecting the exploitation of natural resources.</li> </ul> |
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION | Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from<br>learners what they have learnt during the lesson.<br>Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.   |

| Date: 8 <sup>th</sup> JULY, 2022  | 2  | DAY:   |  | Subject: Social Studi   | es  |                        |  |
|---|--|--|--|---|---|------------------------|--|
| Duration:   |  |  |  | Strand: Socio-Econo   | omic [  | Development            |  |
| Class: B7   |  | Class Size:  |  | Sub Strand: Human   | Reso  | esource Development    |  |
| <b>Content Standard</b><br>B7.5.1.1. Demonstrat<br>resource development | te knowledge   | of human   |  | I. Mention ways of human resource in I OF 2   |   |                        |  |
| Performance India<br>Learners can discuss<br>national developme         | how humai  | n resource develop   | oed for  | Core Competencie<br>CP 5.1: CC 8.1: CC 8<br>7.2: CC 8.1:  | e <b>s:</b><br>8.1: C0  | C 9.1: CP 5.2: CC      |  |
| References: Social  | Studies Cur  | riculum Pg. 22-23  |  |   |   |                        |  |
| Phase/Duration  | Learners   | Activities   |  |   |   | Resources              |  |
| PHASE I:<br>STARTER   | Revise wit<br>lesson.  |  |  | erstanding in the previ   | ous   |                        |  |
| PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNING  | in each ca<br>Skilled I<br>Unskille<br>Semi-sk<br>etc.<br>Guide lead<br>for nation<br>I. Formal each<br>for nation<br>I. Formal each<br>for ce enable<br>for the job t<br>2. On the job<br>Training is contribute each<br>skills and at<br>contribute each<br>and contribute eac | se.<br>abor: medical practitie<br>dabor: manual wor<br>illed labor: artisans s<br>rners to discuss ho<br>al advancement.<br>ducation<br>resource of Ghana ca<br>individual to acquire k<br>for the job that one as<br>es them to be instructed<br>that one m learning<br>to training<br>another way through w<br>relopment. The trained<br>profession by a speci-<br>titude for a specific pu-<br>ffectively m national co-<br>ing of displaced worker<br>can be provided to pe-<br>in to secure new jobs, new | oners, accountai<br>kers.<br>such as carpent<br>ow human res<br>ow human res<br>ow human res<br>ow human res<br>din attitudes, s<br>which human res<br>e is practically to<br>alist. This is to r<br>urpose or jobs. T<br>levelopment in o<br>s<br>ople who have b<br>r go into self-en<br>v skills and broa | rces and state exampl<br>nts, engineers, teachers, en<br>ters, masons, dressmake<br>sources can be develo<br>through education. Educa<br>ttitudes, skills and knowled<br>ducation received by the le<br>ducation received by the le<br>skills and knowledge neces<br>source can he developed f<br>aken through the rudiment<br>nake them acquire knowle<br>fhe essence is to help ther<br>order to increase productive<br>peen displaced from work<br>aployment. Re-training equ<br>den his or her outlook and<br>raining programme are | tc.<br>ers,<br>ped<br>ttion<br>dge<br>abor<br>ssary<br>for<br>ts of<br>edge,<br>m<br><i>r</i> ity<br>to<br><i>s</i> ips | Pictures and<br>Charts |  |

|                        | <ul> <li>4. In-service training <ul> <li>In-service training can be introduced to improve the skills of workers in the course of discharging their duties. This is vital because we live in an era where new methods and technology are introduced at all times with a view to increasing output. The essence is to make workers prove equal to the changing demands of the task</li> <li>5. Organized visits or excursions</li> <li>This is another way by which human resource can be developed. Workers and management can visit workers of other organizations and interact with them to learn a lot and improve upon their performance It will enable workers exchange ideas and techniques, change certain assumed ways of doing things,</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |  |
|------------------------|---|--|
|                        | <ul> <li>6. Guidance and counselling</li> <li>1t is a way of improving human resource. For people to do the type of work they can very well, they need to be advised to make the night choices at the tight time and place. It is important that people are encouraged to train in areas where manpower is required. This is possible if potential workers are guided and counseled to choose the night jobs which their capabilities will allow them.</li> </ul>   |  |
|                        | <ul> <li><u>Assessment</u></li> <li>I dentify five ways in which our human resource can be developed for national development.</li> <li>Discuss four major factors which hinder the full utilization of human resources in Ghana.</li> </ul>  |  |
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION | Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.  |  |
|                        | Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.   |  |

| Date: 8 <sup>th</sup> JULY, 2022  |   | DAY:   |  | S  | ubject: Social Studie  | s   |                        |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|------------------------|
| Duration:   |   |  |  | S  | trand: Socio-Econor  | nic D   | Pevelopment            |
| Class: B7   |   | Class Size:  |  | S  | <b>ub Strand:</b> Human F  | Resou   | Irce Development       |
| <b>Content Standard:</b><br>B7.5.1.1. Demonstrate<br>resource development | t in Ghana  |  | :<br>. Mention ways of<br>g human resource in<br>2 OF 2  |  |  |   |                        |
| Learners can describe<br>utilization of human                             | Performance Indicator:<br>Learners can describe ways of solving the problems of poor<br>utilization of human resources.Core Competencies:<br>CP 5.1: CC 8.1: CC<br>7.2: CC 8.1: CC<br>7.2: CC 8.1:References: Social Studies Curriculum Pg. 22-23   |  |  |  |  |   | C 9.1: CP 5.2: CC      |
| Phase/Duration  | Learners /  |  |  |  |  |   | Resources              |
| PHASE I:<br><b>STARTER</b>  | lesson.   |  |  |  | standing in the previ  | ous   |                        |
| PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNING  | Guide lean<br>utilized in<br>I. Lack of Jo<br>In the first p<br>most educat<br>openings ar<br>nothing. The<br>2. Putting un<br>There is the<br>do. There an<br>political affil<br>3. Poor attit<br>There is poor<br>there seems<br>rank and fill<br>which they w<br>4. Inadequa<br>It has been<br>impact on r<br>ready to use<br>the lack of s<br>been depen<br>In groups,<br>utilization<br>I. Foreign in<br>One way to<br>investors int | Ghana.<br>b) Opportunities<br>b) ace some workers do<br>ted people in Ghana a<br>e very few, therefore t<br>e above case is due to<br>inqualified people in ce<br>problem of employing<br>re many social reasons<br>liation, tribalism, etc.<br>ude towards work<br>or attitude to | by the huma<br>by the huma<br>of jobs for which<br>the trained for<br>hose who do n<br>lack of job op<br>ertain job positi<br>geople to do<br>s underlying the<br>ork by Ghanaia<br>ict between en<br>so feel they are<br>bothetic to thei<br>man resources<br>lividuals in a so<br>to create weat<br>the part of mo<br>l which could e<br>solutions to<br>es. | h th<br>wh<br>not<br>job<br>is f<br>ins.<br>mpl<br>e no<br>ir w<br>s de<br>ocie<br>alth<br>ost (<br>easi<br>o th | resources are not ful<br>ney are not trained, again<br>ite collar jobs and these<br>get this type of jobs do<br>tunities.<br>s<br>s they are not qualified<br>actor. This include nepot<br>actor. This include nepot<br>oyers and employees. The<br>oyers and employees. The<br>part of the enterprise<br>rork.<br>evelopment has a positive<br>ty should be inventive an<br>out of resources. There<br>Ghanaians. The result he<br>ly be made in the count<br>out of poor | n,<br>job<br>to<br>tism,<br>use<br>in<br>e<br>nd<br>is<br>as<br>ry. | Pictures and<br>Charts |
|   | 2. Employm  | ent should be on meri  | it   |  |  |   |                        |

|                        | <ul> <li>There should be the will to employ people only on merit. For instance, requirement for jobs should be based on ownership of appropriate qualifications. There is the need to get rid of nepotism, favoritism and to encourage national integration so as to pull resources together for nation building.</li> <li>3. Attitudinal change</li> <li>There is the need to change the work ethics of Ghanaians (that is poor attitude to work). Conditions must be created for the rank and file to feel that they are part and parcel of the enterprise. For instance, workers can be encouraged to be part of the decision making process.</li> <li>4. Increase in wages</li> <li>Furthermore, workers should be adequately rewarded. For instance, the minimum wage can be increased substantially. This will provide the needed motivation that will urge workers to work very hard.</li> </ul> |  |
|------------------------|---|--|
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION | Assessment1. Discuss any three ways to solve problems of utilization of human<br>resources in Ghana.2. Explain four ways of solving the problems of poor utilization of<br>human resources.Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from<br>learners what they have learnt during the lesson.Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.   |  |

| Date: 15 <sup>th</sup> JULY, 202  | 22 DAY: Subject: Social Studies   |   |  |   |                                    |                        |
|---|---|---|--|---|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Duration:   |   |   |  | Strand: Socio-Econo   | omic I                             | Development            |
| Class: B7   |   | Class Size:   |  | Sub Strand: Tourism   | n                                  |                        |
| <b>Content Standard</b><br>B7.5.3.1. Demonstrat<br>tourism and leisure p<br>development | e knowledge   |   |  | 7.5.3.1.1. Examine the role of tourism<br>ad leisure in socio- economic |                                    |                        |
| Performance Indic<br>Learners can describ<br>economic developr                          | icator:<br>ibe the role of tourism and leisure in socio-<br>CP 5.1: CC 8.1: CC 8.1: CC  |   |  |   |                                    | C 9.1: CP 5.2: CC      |
| References: Social  | Studies Cur   | riculum Pg. 22  | -23  |   |                                    |                        |
| Phase/Duration<br>PHASE I:<br><b>STARTER</b>  | Revise wit<br>lesson.   | Learners Activities<br>Revise with learners to review their understanding in the previous<br>lesson.<br>Share performance indicators with learners.   |  |   |                                    |                        |
| PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNING  | the intern<br>i. Tourism<br>facilities and<br>ii. Leisure<br>rest<br>Guide lean<br>your local<br>Natural sce<br>vegetation, v<br>in Ghana an<br>Mountain A<br>Man-made<br>forest reserv<br>are Aburi Be<br>Walkway and<br>Plan a class<br>observe a<br>importance | et and librarie<br>- an activity<br>nd sceneries in<br>- taking time of<br>rners to identi-<br>ity.<br>neries include riv<br>waterfalls and ar-<br>e Lake Bosumtw<br>fadjato, Gambag<br>sceneries include<br>res. Some examp<br>otanical Gardens,<br>Kakum Nationo<br>s visit to some<br>nd make notes<br>re. | involving travellin<br>involving travellin<br>n other places<br>off normal duty for<br>ify some attractive<br>ers, lakes. lagoons, m<br>imal habitat. Some e<br>ri, the Big Tree at Od<br>ta Scarp, Kwuhu Scar<br>beautiful set of build<br>oles of artificial (or m<br>, Paga Crocodile Pond<br>al Park at Cape Coas<br>e selected local so<br>s on their beauty, | eneries, for them to  | r<br>n<br>ries<br>s,<br>and<br>ana | Pictures and<br>Charts |

|            | Assessment   |  |
|------------|--|--|
|            | I. Define the following terms  |  |
|            | a. Tourism   |  |
|            | <ul><li>b. Leisure</li><li>2. Identify any four natural and man-made sceneries in Ghana.</li></ul> |  |
| PHASE 3:   | Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from                                     |  |
| REFLECTION | learners what they have learnt during the lesson.  |  |
|            | Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.  |  |

| Date: 15th JULY, 202   | 2   | DAY:   |   | Subject  | : Social Studie   | es   |                        |
|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|------------------------|
| Duration:  |   |  |   | Strand:  | Socio-Econo   | mic [  | Development            |
| Class: B7  |   | Class Size:  | :   | Sub Str  | and: Tourism  | า  |                        |
| <b>Content Standard:</b><br>B7.5.3.1. Demonstrat<br>tourism and leisure p<br>development   | e knowledge<br>romote natio   |  | and leisure in socio  | Indicator:<br>B7.5.3.1.1. Examine the role of tourism<br>and leisure in socio- economic<br>development of Ghana  |   |  |                        |
| <ul> <li>Performance Indicator:</li> <li>Learners can discuss reasons for which people go on tour to different places.</li> <li>Learners can discuss reasons why Ghanaians do not show interest in tourism.</li> </ul> |   |  |   |  |   | C 8.1: CC 9.1: CP  |                        |
| References: Social S   | Studies Curi  | r <mark>iculum Pg.</mark> 2  | 22-23   |  |   |  |                        |
| Phase/Duration   | Learners A  | Activities   |   |  |   |  | Resources              |
| PHASE I:<br>STARTER  | lesson.   |  | o review their unde<br>dicators with learne   |  | g in the previo   | ous  |                        |
| PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNING   | <ul> <li>different p</li> <li>a. For eministration searce daily according to exert spa Fail</li> <li>b. For head to exert spa Fail</li> <li>c. To engage</li> <li>d. To acquiniterest in muse</li> <li>e. To app interact animals</li> <li>f. To engat to engat</li> <li>Guide lear interest in</li> <li>I. Lack of fi and transpo</li> <li>2. Lack of a</li> </ul> | laces.<br>ployment and<br>ch of job oppor-<br>civities.<br>lith reasons: Pro-<br>cise and bather<br>cise and bather<br>m.<br>age in sports active<br>uire new artefu-<br>s in order to a<br>securs, forts and<br>reciate and inter-<br>ter and inter-<br>and inter-<br>ter and inter-<br>and inter | mine reasons for w<br>relaxation: People visit<br>rtunities or take a brea<br>eople visit sceneries to<br>in medicated waters of<br><u>activities</u> : People also<br>rities such as skiing, bound<br>rates and obtain information<br>cquire artefacts from p<br>d castles.<br><u>teract with nature</u> : People<br>activities.<br><u>teract with nature</u> : People<br>cobserve nature's great<br>falls and valleys.<br><u>tic activities</u> : The majority<br>c activities such as trace<br>cuss reasons why <b>G</b><br>cuss reasons why <b>G</b> | places awo<br>k from the<br>obtain fresh<br>e.g. visits to<br>travel to sc<br>ating and fi<br>ation: People<br>blaces and o<br>ble visit sce<br>at wonders<br>ty of peopl<br>ling, barber<br>hanaians<br>ople canno<br>v are poor.<br>of Ghanaia | y from their hou<br>ir busy and streed<br>n air, sunshine of<br>Holy Trinity and<br>enic places to<br>shing.<br>de also visit places<br>also store artefo<br>nic places to<br>e.g. economic to<br>e visit scenic plo<br>ring, etc.<br>do not show<br>t afford entry fe<br>ns do not | mes<br>ssful<br>and<br>d<br>es of<br>acts<br>rees,<br>aces | Pictures and<br>Charts |

|                        | <ul> <li>3. Lack of appreciation for value of leisure: Some Ghanaians think visits to scenic places are frivolous and time-wasting because to them such tours do not affect their lives directly.</li> <li>4. Poor maintenance of tourism sites.</li> <li>5. Lack of information and poor advertisement</li> </ul> |  |
|------------------------|--|--|
|                        | <ul> <li><u>Assessment</u></li> <li>I. State four reasons for which people go on tour.</li> <li>2. State four reasons why Ghanaians do not show interest in tourism</li> </ul>   |  |
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION | Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.   |  |
|                        | Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.  |  |

| Date: 22 <sup>nd</sup> JULY, 202  | <b>DAY:</b>   |  |                                | Subject: Social Studies  |             |              |
|---|---|--|--------------------------------|--|-------------|--------------|
| Duration:   |   |  | Strand: Socio-Economic Develop |  | Development |              |
| Class: B7   | Class Size:   |  |                                | Sub Strand: Tourism  |             |              |
| <b>Content Standard:</b><br>B7.5.3.1. Demonstrate knowledge on how<br>tourism and leisure promote national<br>development |   | Indicator:<br>B7.5.3.1.1. Examin<br>and leisure in soc<br>development of C |                                |  |             |              |
| <b>Performance Indicator:</b><br>Learners can discuss how to promote Tourism in Ghana.                                    |   |  |                                | Core Competencies:<br>CP 5.1: CC 8.1: CC 8.1: CC 9.1: CP 5.2: CC<br>7.2: CC 8.1: |             |              |
| References: Social  | Studies Cur   | riculum Pg. 22   | -23                            |  |             |              |
| Phase/Duration<br>PHASE I:<br><b>STARTER</b>  | Learners Activities       Resource         Revise with learners to review their understanding in the previous lesson.       Resource  |  |                                |  | Resources   |              |
| PHASE 2: NEW  | Share performance indicators with learners.   |  |                                |  |             | Pictures and |
| LEARNING  | <ul> <li>Guide learners to discuss how to promote Tourism in Ghana.</li> <li>I. Educating the populace,<br/>Ghanaians should be educated on the importance and value of leisure. The<br/>Ghana Tourism Board should partner other stakeholders such as hoteliers, the<br/>media and NGO's to encourage local tourism.</li> <li>Publicizing Ghana's tourism potentials to the outside world.<br/>The Ministry of Tourism should organize musical shows, seminars and produce<br/>magazines and brochures on tourist attractions in Ghana for distribution<br/>through her foreign embassies<br/>abroad.</li> <li>Integrating tourism studies into the school syllabus.<br/>We must integrate tourism into the school syllabus.<br/>We must integrate tourism into the school curriculum at all levels of education<br/>to encourage students to show interest in tourism.</li> <li>Beautifying and maintaining tourism sites.<br/>To promote tourism, tourist sites such as castles, game reserves must be well<br/>maintained. The tourist sites must be beautified and kept clean.</li> <li>Providing adequate security.<br/>There is the need to provide tourists adequate security to encourage people to<br/>show interest in tourism.</li> <li>Reducing entry fees to tourism sites.<br/>Fees collected at entry points at tourist sceneries should be reduced to make<br/>visits to such Projected places affordable.</li> <li>Training tourism personnel.</li> </ul> |  |                                |  | Charts      |              |

| Tour guides, waiters and waitresses should be trained for the tourism industry.   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>8.</b> Providing tourism facilities such as restaurants and hotels.<br>The government should build more tourism facilities such as hotels, restaurants, cinema houses, hospitals and roads in areas having sceneries.            |  |
| Have learners research on the economic Importance or Benefits of Tourism to Ghana's Development   |  |
| 1. Source of employment.<br>The tourism industry employs over 115,000 people in Ghana. Tourism workers<br>include tourist guides, hoteliers, waiters, fashion designers, musicians and<br>craftsmen.                                |  |
| 2. Source of foreign exchange:<br>Tourism is a big foreign exchange earner for the country. In 2003, Ghana's<br>tourism earnings reached \$600 million dollars.   |  |
| <b>3.</b> Provision of infrastructure.<br>Tourism encourages the improvement of infrastructure of the country. The<br>infrastructure includes roads, railways, telephone facilities, hotels, restaurants,<br>electricity and water, |  |
| <b>4.</b> Cultural preservation.<br>Tourism helps us preserve our cultural heritage through festivals, enstoolment<br>of chiefs, puberty rites and traditional music and dance e.g. Pan African Festival<br>(PANAFEST).             |  |
| <b>5.</b> Source of income or revenue.<br>Tourism serves as a source of revenue to the government in the form of income<br>tax. Tourism also provides income for Ghanaians employed in hotels,<br>restaurants and nightclubs        |  |
| <b>6.</b> Conservation of natural resources.<br>Tourism helps us to conserve or protect our natural resources such as forests,<br>wildlife and water bodies e.g. Kakum Forest, elephants at Mole and waterfalls<br>at Kintampo.     |  |
| 7. Growth of local craft industries.<br>Tourism has led to the growth of local craft industries such as wood carving,<br>textiles, straws and leather.  |  |
| 8. Projection of Ghana's image abroad.<br>Tourism has projected Ghana abroad as the gateway to Africa and place with<br>the friendliest people. This has made the country popular overseas.   |  |
| Assessment<br>1. State six economic Importance or Benefits of Tourism to<br>Ghana's Development.  |  |
| 2. Enumerate five ways of promoting Tourism in Ghana.   |  |

| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION | Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson. |
|------------------------|--|
|                        | Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.  |

|                        | <ul> <li>Modern physical development.<br/>Ghana has modern physical features which attract tourists. Some of<br/>these features are the Akosombo Dam and Kpong hydro-electric<br/>station.</li> </ul>  |
|------------------------|--|
|                        | • Attractive and beautiful scenery.<br>Ghana also has beautiful scenes such as beaches, hotels and natural<br>features (i.e. forests, water bodies and wildlife). These beautiful<br>sceneries serve as recreational grounds for most people.  |
|                        | <ul> <li>Preservation of nature.<br/>Ghana has preserved her natural habitat for plant and animal species.<br/>Places with such habitat attract many people (tourists) e.g. Kakum<br/>National Park and Paga Crocodile Pond.</li> </ul>        |
|                        | <ul> <li>Preservation of historical sites.<br/>Ghana has preserved historical sites such as Okomfo Anokye's<br/>Sword site, forts and castles in Accra and Cape Coast. Such<br/>historical sites attract many people.</li> </ul>               |
|                        | <ul> <li>Celebration of culture.<br/>The celebration of cultural festivals such as PANAFEST, Adaekese,<br/>Odwira, Homowo and Hogbetsotso encourages many people to visit<br/>places in Ghana.</li> </ul>                                      |
|                        | <ul> <li>Construction of recreational centers.<br/>The Government has built recreational facilities to promote tourism.<br/>Some of these centers are the National Cultural Centre in Kumasi<br/>and the National theatre in Accra.</li> </ul> |
|                        | <ul> <li><u>Assessment</u></li> <li>I. State five reasons or factors that favor the Growth of Tourism in Ghana.</li> <li>2. Mention any five problems facing the Tourism Industry in Ghana.</li> </ul>   |
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION | Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.   |
|                        | Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.  |

| <b>Date:</b> 29 <sup>™</sup> JULY, 2022 <b>DAY</b>  |  | DAY:                                  |                       | Subject: Social Studies  |                        |                         |  |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Duration:   |  |                                       |                       | Strand: Socio-Economic Development   |                        |                         |  |
| Class: B7   | Class Size:  |                                       | Sub Strand: Financial |  | al And                 | I And Investment Issues |  |
| <b>Content Standard:</b><br>B7.5.2.1. Demonstrate understanding of social security and pension issues |  | B7.5.2.1.1. Examine the importance of |                       |  | esson:<br>OF 2         |                         |  |
| Performance Indicator:<br>Learners can discuss the importance of social so<br>individual.             |  |                                       | ecurity to the        | Core Competencies:<br>CP 5.1: CC 8.1: CC 8.1: CC 9.1: CP 5.2: CC<br>7.2: CC 8.1: |                        |                         |  |
| References: Social S  | Studies Cur  | riculum Pg. 24                        | -25                   |  |                        |                         |  |
| Phase/Duration  | Learners Activities Resources  |                                       |                       |  | Resources              |                         |  |
| PHASE I:<br>STARTER   | Revise with learners to review their understanding in the previous lesson.                                       |                                       |                       |  |                        |                         |  |
|   | Share performance indicators with learners.  |                                       |                       |  |                        | Distance and            |  |
| PHASE 2: NEW<br>LEARNING  | Guide learners to explain the concept of social security.  |                                       |                       |  | Pictures and<br>Charts |                         |  |
|   | Discuss the features of social security, including the law which established it.                                 |                                       |                       |  |                        |                         |  |
|   | Identify types of social security schemes, including the Pension<br>Fund   |                                       |                       |  |                        |                         |  |
|   | Think-pair-share the benefits of social security to the individual   |                                       |                       |  |                        |                         |  |
|   | Have learners to create a poster on the benefits of social security.   |                                       |                       |  |                        |                         |  |
| PHASE 3:<br>REFLECTION  | Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson. |                                       |                       |  |                        |                         |  |
|   | Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.  |                                       |                       |  |                        |                         |  |